Safety Data Sheet

Silver nitrate titration solution

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWB2014-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/09/09 Revision Date: 2025/09/19



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
-	raenuncauon

| Product identifier

Product Name	Silver nitrate titration solution
Cat No.	BWB2014-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number

Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Self-reactive substances and	Type C
mixtures	
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Sensitization - skin	Category 1
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Sensitization - respiratory	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 3
single exposure; respiratory	
tract irritation	

Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 2
repeated exposure	

Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

| Hazard statements

H242	Heating may cause a fire
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

| Precautionary statements

Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P234	Keep only in original packaging.
P235	Keep cool.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P284	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
◆ Response	
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: water; Large fire: flood fire area with water from a distance; Fire

	involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405	Store locked up.
P411	Store at temperatures not exceeding°C/°F .
P420	Store separately.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
◆ Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/
	international regulations.
Other hazards	
	Not applicable.

| Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Explosive, may chatch fire by heat.

Health hazards

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours, especially for prolonged periods, may produce respiratory irritation and occasionally, distress. Inhalation of vapours may cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful.
Skin Contact	The product may cause an allergic skin reaction following direct contact with the skin. The product can cause skin irritation following direct contact with the skin.
Eye	This product may cause serious eye irritation. Severe inflammation may be expected with pain following direct contact with the eye.

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Silver nitrate	7761-88-8	231-853-9	1.70
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	98.3

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the
	doctor in attendance

Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.	
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.	
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.	
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.	
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: water; Large fire: flood fire area with water from a distance; Fire		
	involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance		
	or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with		
	flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Small fire: do not use dry chemicals or foams. CO ₂ or Halon?may provide limited		
	control		

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Will not burn but increases intensity of fire.
2	Contact with combustibles such as wood, paper, oil or finely divided metal may produce spontaneous
	combustion or violent decomposition.
3	Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen.
4	The material may provide sufficient oxygen to make the fire fierce and self sustaining.
5	Smothering action may not be effective for established fire.
6	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
7	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full
	protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1 Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

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- Use personal protective equipment,do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 4 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
- In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
- 4 Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
- 5 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- 6 Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
- 7 Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
- 8 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 11 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
- 13 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

| Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement		
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.	
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.	
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.	
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.	

Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

Thyological and chemical properties				
Appearance (physical state,	colorless liquid			
color, etc.)				
Odor	No special odor (Silver nitrate)			
Odor threshold	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
рН	5.4~6.4 (100g/L , 20°C,Silver nitrate)			
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	212 (Silver nitrate)			
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	444 (Decompose, Silver nitrate)			
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Evaporation rate	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Flammability	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: No information available (Silver nitrate); Lower limit: No information			
limits[%(v/v)]	available (Silver nitrate)			
Vapor pressure	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Vapor density(Air = 1)	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Relative density(Water=1)	4.35 (20 °C,Silver nitrate)			
Solubility	Very soluble in water (Silver nitrate)			
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available (Silver nitrate)			
Decomposition temperature(°C)	444 (Silver nitrate)			
Kinematic viscosity	No information available (Silver nitrate)			

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Mixture with active metal powders may explode intensely if heated. In contact with active metals (alkali metals, Na, Ca etc.) causes a reaction and release hydrogen.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Active metal powder, non-metal elemental powder, sulfide, metal amino compound, metal acetylene compound, phenols, metal sulfamate, metal cyanide, thiocyanate, phosphide, hypophosphite, carboxylic acid, carboxylic anhydride, Carboxylic acid esters, ethanol, reducing agents and performic acid. Alkali, sodium, calcium, and other active metal, halogen, metal oxide, nonmetal oxide, acyl halide and metal phosphide.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Silver nitrate	1173mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Silver nitrate	Not Listed	Category R	Not Listed
Water	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

Silver nitrate titration solution						
Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation(Category 2)						
Serious eye damage/irritation	auses serious eye irritation(Category 2)					
Skin sensitization	cause an allergic skin reaction(Category 1)					
Respiratory sensitization	ay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if naled(Category 1)					
Reproductive toxicity	y damage fertility or the unborn child(Category 1B)					
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation(Category 3)					
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(Category 2)					
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants			
Silver nitrate	LC ₅₀ : 0.0109mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.0029mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available			

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

| Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability N	No information	available
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| Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	No information available	

| Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil	No information	available
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13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label



IMDG-CODE

UN number	1493
UN proper shipping name	SILVER NITRATE
Transport hazard class	5.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	П
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	1493
UN proper shipping name	SILVER NITRATE
Transport hazard class	5.1

Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	

Packing group | II

UN-ADR

UN number	1493
UN proper shipping name	SILVER NITRATE
Transport hazard class	5.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, flammable goods, organic matter, reducing agents, spontaneous combustion, flammable goods which are wet. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

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15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Silver nitrate	√	√	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√	V	√
Water	√	√	1	√	V	√							

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Silver nitrate	×	×	×
Water	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Silver nitrate	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Water	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/09/09
Revision Date	2025/09/19
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program

EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	RespiratoryProtective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.