Safety Data Sheet

24 Mix metal standard solution

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWB2609-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/09

Revision Date: -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Identification

| Product identifier

Product Name	24 Mix metal standard solution
Cat No.	BWB2609-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678
Ellierdency brione number	U IU-30 IU3070

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Oxidizing liquids	Category 2
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1A
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 1
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 2

Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Health hazards	
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the product during the course of normal handling, may produce severely toxic effects; these may be fatal. Corrosive product can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, with coughing, choking and mucous membrane damage.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	The product can cause severe skin burns following direct contact with the skin.
Еуе	The product can produce severe chemical burns to the eye following direct contact. If timely and appropriate treatment is not available may cause permanent blindness.
◆ Environmental hazards	

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Silver	7440-22-4	231-131-3	0.00996
Aluminium	7429-90-5	231-072-3	0.00996
Arsenic	7440-38-2	231-148-6	0.00996
Boron	7440-42-8	231-151-2	0.00996
Barium	7440-39-3	231-149-1	0.00996
Bismuth	7440-69-9	231-177-4	0.00996
Calcium	7440-70-2	231-179-5	0.00996
Cadmium	7440-43-9	231-152-8	0.00996
Cobalt	7440-48-4	231-158-0	0.00996
Chromium	7440-47-3	231-157-5	0.00996
Copper	7440-50-8	231-159-6	0.00996
Iron	7439-89-6	231-096-4	0.00996
Potassium	7440-09-7	231-119-8	0.00996
Lithium	7439-93-2	231-102-5	0.00996
Magnesium	7439-95-4	231-104-6	0.00996
Manganese	7439-96-5	231-105-1	0.00996
Sodium	7440-23-5	231-132-9	0.00996
Nickel	7440-02-0	231-111-4	0.00996
Phosphorus	7723-14-0	231-768-7	0.00996
Lead	7439-92-1	231-100-4	0.00996
Selenium	7782-49-2	231-957-4	0.00996
Strontium	7440-24-6	231-133-4	0.00996

Vanadium	7440-62-2	231-171-1	0.00996
Zinc	7440-66-6	231-175-3	0.00996
Nitric acid	7697-37-2	231-714-2	5
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	94.66

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Comerciadyies	have dieta and dieta stanting in required. Chave this peters about (CDC) to the
General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the
	doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a
Ť	physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of
Okiii contact	, , ,
	soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel
	uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or
· ·	Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth
	to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing,
	,
	give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take
	precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.
- 5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or water spray; Large fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not get water inside containers.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May emit poisonous fumes on fire.
Fire may produce irritating, poisonous or corrosive gases.
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

- Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date:
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.
- 2 Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.

- 3 Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
- 4 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- 5 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 6 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Do not touch or cross spills.
- 2 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- 3 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-virus suits.
- 4 Spray water disperses the vapor and dilutes the liquid spill.
- 5 Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
- It is recommended that emergency personnel wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure 6 and wear anti-corrosion clothing.
- 7 Transfer to a tank truck or special collector with a corrosion-resistant pump.
- Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- 10 Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 11 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in 12 container.

Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.



8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Silver	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.01	-	-
	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.1	-	-
	European Union	-	0.1	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(dust and fume)	-	-
Aluminium	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.5(respirable dust)	-	-
	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	2(total dust)	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	5(respirable dust)	-	10(respirable dust)
	Australia	-	5(powder, pyrophoric)	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	1	-	-	-
	New Zealand	-	5(pyrophoric powder)	-	-
Arsenic	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.003(individ ual excess lifetime risk of cancer 10^3)	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.01(as As)	-	0.03(as As)
	Australia	-	0.05	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.01	-	0.05
	New Zealand	-	0.001	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.01	-	-
Boron	Germany (DFG)	-	0.75	-	0.75
Barium	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.5	-	1.5
	Australia	-	0.5	-	-

	Australia	-	0.2(fume, respirable fraction)	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.2(fume, respirable fraction)	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.01	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	1(dust and mist)	-	-
Lithium	Germany (AGS)	-	0.2	-	0.2
	Germany (DFG)	-	0.2	-	0.2
	Sweden	-	-	-	0.02
	Switzerland	-	0.2	-	0.2
Manganese	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.02(respirabl e particles, as Mn)	-	-
	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.1(total particulate, as Mn)	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	1(fume)	-	2(fume)
	Australia	-	1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.2	-	-
	European Union	-	0.2	-	-
Nickel	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	1	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	1	-	2
	Australia	-	1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	1	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.005	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	1.5(inhalable fraction)	-	-
Phosphorus	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.1	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.1	-	0.3
	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - OSHA	-	0.1	-	-

Lead	Japan - JSOH(2024–202	-	0.03(as Pb)	-	-
	5) Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.05	-	0.15
	Australia	-	0.05	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.05	-	-
	European Union	-	0.15	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.05	-	-
Selenium	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.1	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.2(as Se)	-	0.6(as Se)
	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.2	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.2	-	-
Vanadium	Australia	-	0.05	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.05	-	-
	USA - OSHA	-	-	0.1	0.5
	Austria	-	0.5(inhalable aerosol)	-	1(inhalable aerosol)
	Germany (DFG)	-	0.005	-	0.01
	Latvia	-	1	-	-
Zinc	Germany (DFG)	-	2	-	4
	Switzerland	-	0.1(respirable aerosol)	-	0.4(respirable aerosol)
Nitric acid	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	2	5.2	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	2	5.2	4	10.4
	Australia	2	5.2	4	10
	Canada - Ontario	2	-	4	-
	European Union	-	-	1	2.6
	New Zealand	2	5.2	4	10

| Engineering controls

1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement		
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate anti-corrosion goggles.	
Hand protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective gloves.	
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal dust proof gas mask.	
Skin and body protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective clothing.	

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

· · ·	
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Clear, colorless liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	<1 (Nitric acid)
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-41.6 (Nitric acid)
Initial boiling point and boiling	121 (Nitric acid)
range(°C)	
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	No information available
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit : No information available ; Lower limit : No information available
Vapor pressure	6.4kPa (20°C ,Nitric acid)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	2.2 (Nitric acid)
Relative density(Water=1)	1.4 (Nitric acid)
Solubility	500000mg/L (20 °C,Nitric acid)
n-octanol/water partition	-0.21 (Nitric acid)
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
	one made reactions
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	Reacts severely with halogens, interhalogens or other strong oxidants, or causes
reactions	a fire. Ultrafine powder will self-ignite in the air at room temperature. Mixtures with

	metallic acetylene, when heated, cause a fire or incandescence. May burn continuously in carbon dioxide. May be oxidized quickly when exposed to air. In contact with active metals (alkali metals, Na, Ca etc.) causes a reaction and release hydrogen.	
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.	
Incompatible materials	Halogen, interhalogen, strong oxidant, water and acids. Oxidants, halogen, interhalogen and mercury. Metal acetylide, halogen, interhalogen, halogen oxides, nitric acid, nitrous oxide, nitrates, nitrites, halogen oxyacid salts, chromates, permanganates, inorganic peroxides, metal oxides and peroxyformic acid. Water, carbon dioxide, oxidants, halogen, interhalogen and mercury. Water, carbon dioxide, halocarbon, halogen, interhalogen, metal halide, non-metal oxides, acids, mercury and hydrazine. Alkali, sodium, calcium, and other active metal, halogen, metal oxide, nonmetal oxide, acyl halide and metal phosphide.	
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products	
products	should not be produced.	

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Bismuth	5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Boron	650mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Phosphorus	3.03mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Arsenic	763mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Cobalt	6171mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Selenium	6700mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	5.67mg/L(Rat)
Cadmium	2330mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Iron	30000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Manganese	9000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by	Report on Carcinogens	OSHA Carcinogen List
	the IARC Monographs	by NTP	
Silver	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Aluminium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Arsenic	Category 1	Category K	Listed
Boron	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Barium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Bismuth	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Calcium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Cadmium	Category 1	Category K	Listed
Cobalt	Category 2A	Category R	Not Listed
Chromium	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed

Copper	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Iron	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Potassium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Lithium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Magnesium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Manganese	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Sodium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Nickel	Category 2B	Category R	Not Listed
Phosphorus	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Lead	Category 2B	Category R	Not Listed
Selenium	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Strontium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Vanadium	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Zinc	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Nitric acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Water	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

24 Mix metal standard solution			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage(Category 1A)		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage(Category 1)		
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Lead	LC ₅₀ : 2.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Silver	LC ₅₀ : 0.0012mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.0092mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 0.00198mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Aluminium	LC ₅₀ : 1.55mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Chromium	LC ₅₀ : 40.5mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.07mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Vanadium	LC ₅₀ : 0.693mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Strontium	LC ₅₀ : > 40.3mg/L	No information available	ErC ₅₀ : > 43.3mg/L

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Copper

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Strontium	NOEC : ≥41.4mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Selenium	NOEC: 0.025mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available

EC₅₀: 0.02mg/L

(48h)(Crustaceans)

LC₅₀: 0.665mg/L

(96h)(Fish)

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)	
Nickel	Low	Low	

Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments				
Nickel	Low	Log Kow=-1.38				
Phosphorus	High	BCF=2310000				

Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Magnesium	1.12	20 ℃

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

 ErC_{50} : 7.9mg/L

(96h)(Algae)

Nickel	1.155	

13 Disposal considerations

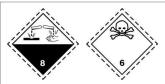
| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label



| IMDG-CODE

UN number	2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	6.1
class	
Packing group	I
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	6.1
class	
Packing group	I

UN-ADR

UN number	2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	6.1
class	
Packing group	I

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Transit should be anti-exposure, rain, high temperature. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, alkalis, oxidants, food and food additives etc. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

15 Regulatory information

| International chemical inventory

Component	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Silver	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√
Aluminium	1	√	1	√									
Arsenic	V	√											
Boron	V	√											
Barium	√	√	√	√	√								
Bismuth	√	√	√	√	√								
Calcium	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√ √	√
Cadmium	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Cobalt	V	√	×	√	√	√	√						
Chromium	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Copper	V	√											
Iron	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√ √	√
Potassium	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√
Lithium	V	√	√										
Magnesium	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Manganese	V	√	√										
Sodium	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√
Nickel	√	√	√	√	√								
Phosphorus	V	√	√	√									
Lead	√	√	×	√	√	√	√						
Selenium	V	√	×	√	√	√	√						
Strontium	√	√											
Vanadium	√	√	√	√									
Zinc	√	1	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√

Nitric acid	√	V	√										
Water	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Silver	×	×	×
Aluminium	×	×	×
Arsenic	×	×	×
Boron	×	×	×
Barium	×	×	×
Bismuth	×	×	×
Calcium	×	×	×
Cadmium	×	×	×
Cobalt	×	×	×
Chromium	×	×	×
Copper	×	×	×
Iron	×	×	×
Potassium	×	×	×
Lithium	×	×	×
Magnesium	×	×	×
Manganese	×	×	×
Sodium	×	×	×
Nickel	×	×	×
Phosphorus	×	×	×
Lead	×	×	×
Selenium	×	×	×
Strontium	×	×	×
Vanadium	×	×	×
Zinc	×	×	×

Nitric acid	×	×	×
Water	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Silver	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Aluminium	×	×	×	V	V	√	V	×
Arsenic	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Boron	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×
Barium	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	×
Bismuth	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Calcium	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	×
Cadmium	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Cobalt	√	√	×	V	V	√	V	√
Chromium	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Copper	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Iron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Potassium	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	×
Lithium	×	×	×	V	V	√	V	×
Magnesium	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	×
Manganese	√	×	×	V	V	√	V	×
Sodium	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Nickel	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Phosphorus	√	V	√	V	V	V	V	×
Lead	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Selenium	√	×	√	√	V	√	V	×
Strontium	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×
Vanadium	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	×
Zinc	×	×	√	V	V	V	V	×
Nitric acid	×	√	√	√	√	√	√	×
Water	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List

[H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/09
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- $[7] \qquad \text{U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.} \\$
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

DC CTEL Chart term appeared limit OECD Organization for Foonemia Co. apparation and Dayslanman	nt
PC-STEL Short term exposure limit OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development	
PC-TWA Time Weighted Average IMDG-CODE International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE	
MAC Maximum Allowable Concentration IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer	
DNEL Derived No Effect Level ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization	
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration IATA International Air Transportation Association	
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienis	sts
LC ₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association	
LD ₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program	
EC ₅₀ Effective Concentration 50% PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	
EC _X Effective Concentration X% vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative	
Pow Partition coefficient Octanol: Water CMR Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction	วท
BCF Bioconcentration factor RPE Respiratory Protective Equipment	
ED Endocrine disruptor HCS Hazard Communication Standard	

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.