Safety Data Sheet

L-(+)-ascorbic acid

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWJ4260-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/09/22

Revision Date: -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Identification

| Product identifier

Product Name	L-(+)-ascorbic acid
Cat No.	BWJ4260-2016
CAS No.	50-81-7
EC No.	200-066-2
Molecular Formula	C6H8O6

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 010-58103678

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Serious eye damage/irritation | Category 2

Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

H319 Caus

Causes serious eye irritation

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| Precautionary statements

Prevention

P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing
	protection.

◆ Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact	
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	

Storage

Storage Not applicable

Disposal

Disposal Not applicable

Other hazards

Not applicable.

| Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

No information available

Health hazards

Inhaled	Cough. Sore throat.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	Redness.
Eye	Redness. Pain.

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Substance

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	200-066-2	100.0

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest.

Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take
	precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 2 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
 - 2 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
- 3 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe dust/fume.

Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 2 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- 3 Isolation of contaminated areas and restrictions on access.
- 4 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear dust masks.
- Collect the spill with a clean shovel and place it in a clean, dry, loosely closed container and move the container away from the leak.
- Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Occupational Exposure limit	No relevant regulations
values	

Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

Personal protection equipment

-	
General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective clothing and chemical resistant shoes.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,	white powder
color, etc.)	
Odor	No special odor
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	<7 (Acidic)
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	190-192°C
Initial boiling point and boiling	No information available
range(°C)	
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	Not applicable

Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available
Vapor pressure	Not applicable
Vapor density(Air = 1)	Not applicable
Relative density(Water=1)	No information available
Solubility	易溶于水(H₂O)和二甲基亚砜(DMSO)
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	No information available
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	No information available.
reactions	
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	No information available.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Ascorbic acid	11900mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

| Carcinogenicity

Com	ponent	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Ascor	bic acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

Ascorbic acid(Component)					
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)				
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met				

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12 Ecological information

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity No information available

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity No

No information available

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Ascorbic acid	Low	Low

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Ascorbic acid	Low	Log Kow=-2.15

| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Ascorbic acid	1.000	

13 Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label | Not applicable

IMDG-CODE

IMDG-CODE NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

IATA-DGR

IATA-DGR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

UN-ADR

UN-ADR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Ascorbic acid	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		√

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- 【G】 Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Ascorbic acid	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Ascorbic acid	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

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- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/09/22
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations		
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development		
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE		
1440	M : All 11 0 ()	CODE	International Asserbutton December on Concern		
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization		
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association		
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association		
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program		
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic		
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative		
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction		
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment		
ED	Endocrine dis ruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard		

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.