## **Safety Data Sheet**

# **Sulfanilamide Melting Point**

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWJ4705-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/17

Revision Date: -



### \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
-	ruenuncauon

## | Product identifier

-	
Product Name	Sulfanilamide Melting Point
Cat No.	BWJ4705-2016
CAS No.	63-74-1
EC No.	200-563-4
Molecular Formula	C6H8N2O2S

## Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

## Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

## | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

# 2 Hazard(s) identification

## Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 3
single exposure; respiratory	
tract irritation	

### Label elements

Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful.

The product can cause skin irritation following direct contact with the skin.

Ingestion

**Skin Contact** 

Eye	This product may cause serious eye irritation. Severe inflammation may be expected with pain following direct contact with the eye.	
<ul> <li>Environmental hazards</li> </ul>		
	Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.	

# Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

Substance

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
p-Aminobenzenesulfonam	63-74-1	200-563-4	99.8
ide			

# 4 First-aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

## | Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

## Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 2 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Sulfa	nilamide Melting Point Version : V2.0.0.1 Revision Date : -
1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.
6	Accidental release measures
Per	sonal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
1	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
2	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
3	Use personal protective equipment,do not breathe dust/fume.
Env	vironmental precautions
1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Me	thods and materials for containment and cleaning up
1	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
2	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
3	Isolation of contaminated areas and restrictions on access.
4	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear dust masks.
5	Collect the spill with a clean shovel and place it in a clean, dry, loosely closed container and move the container away from the leak.
6	Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.
7	Handling and storage
•	cautions for safe handling
1	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
2	Wear suitable protective equipment.
3	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
4	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
Cor	nditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
8	Exposure controls/personal protection
Cor	ntrol parameters

## | Engineering controls

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Occupational Exposure limit No relevant regulations values

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

## | Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective clothing and chemical resistant shoes.

# 9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

## | Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,	white or light yellow solid powder
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	5.8~6.1 ( 20°C, 5g/L )
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	165
Initial boiling point and boiling	No information available
range(°C)	
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available
Vapor pressure	Not applicable
Vapor density(Air = 1)	Not applicable
Relative density(Water=1)	1.08
Solubility	Miscible with water
n-octanol/water partition	-0.72
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

# 10 Stability and reactivity

## | Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	ivity Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other	
	chemical reactions.	
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.	

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No information available.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	No information available.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
p-Aminobenzenesulfona mide	3900mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

## Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
p-Aminobenzenesulfonam	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
ide			

## Others

p-Aminobenzenesulfonamide(Component)		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation(Category 3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

# 12 Ecological information

## Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
p-Aminobenzenesulfona	LC <sub>50</sub> : >100mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 13mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 23mg/L
mide	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)

## | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
p-Aminobenzenesulfona	No information available	No information available	NOEC: 2.2mg/L(Algae)
mide			

## | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
p-Aminobenzenesulfonam	High	High
ide		

## | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
p-Aminobenzenesulfonam	Low	Log Kow=-0.62
ide		

## | Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
p-Aminobenzenesulfonam	1.605	
ide		

# 13 Disposal considerations

## | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

# 14 Transport information

## Label and Mark

Transporting L	abel Not appli	cable
----------------	----------------	-------

## | IMDG-CODE

IMDG-CODE	NOT REGULATED	FOR TRANSPORT	OF DANGEROUS GOODS

### | IATA-DGR

## UN-ADR

UN-ADR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

### Others

Precautions for transport	Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity
	of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before

transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

# 15 Regulatory information

## International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
p-Aminobenzenesulfonam	√	1	√	√	1	√	√	√	1	×	√	√	
ide													

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- 【G】 Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
p-Aminobenzenesulfona	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

#### US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
p-Aminobenzenesulfona mide	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

## 16 Other information

### Information on revision

**Creation Date** | 2025/10/17

Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.