## **Safety Data Sheet**

## **Benzylamine**

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWJ5339-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/09

Revision Date: -



### \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Identification

## | Product identifier

	1		
Product Name Benzylamine		Benzylamine	
	Cat No.	BWJ5339-2016	
	CAS No.	100-46-9	
	EC No.	202-854-1	
	Molecular Formula	C7H9N	

## Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

	Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
	Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

## Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc		
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang		
	City, Henan Province, China		
Post code	55350		
Telephone number	010-58103678		
Fax number	010-84840368		
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com		

## | Emergency phone number

Emorgonev	nhone number	010-58103678
Emerdency	phone number	010-58103678

Hazard(s) identification

## Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1B

#### Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 







H302 H312 H314  Precautionary statements  Prevention  P210  P233 P240 P241	Flammable liquid and vapour  Harmful if swallowed  Harmful in contact with skin  Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
H302 H312 H314  Precautionary statements  Prevention  P210  P233 P240 P241	Harmful if swallowed  Harmful in contact with skin  Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
H312 H314  Precautionary statements  Prevention  P210  P233 P240 P241	Harmful in contact with skin  Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
Precautionary statements  Prevention  P210  P233  P240  P241	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
Precautionary statements  Prevention  P210  P233  P240  P241	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
<ul> <li>◆ Prevention</li> <li>P210</li> <li>P233</li> <li>P240</li> <li>P241</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>◆ Prevention</li> <li>P210</li> <li>P233</li> <li>P240</li> <li>P241</li> </ul>	
P210 P233 P240 P241	
P233 P240 P241	sources. No smoking.
P240 P241	Kan santainan tiebth, alasad
P241	Keep container tightly closed.
	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
D040	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing
	protection.
◆ Response	
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	Small fire: dry chemical, $CO_2$ or water spray; Large fire: dry chemical, $CO_2$ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not get water inside containers.
	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse
P305+P351+P338	affected areas with water [or shower].  IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
◆ Storage	
P405	Store locked up.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
◆ Disposal	
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Not applicable.		

## | Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Flammable	liquids	its vapor	and	air mixture	can form	explosive	mixture
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#### Health hazards

Inhaled	Sore throat. Cough. Burning sensation. Shortness of breath. Laboured breathing. Symptoms may be delayed.	
Ingestion Burning sensation. Abdominal pain. Shock or collapse.		
Skin Contact	Pain. Redness. Skin burns. Blisters.	
Eye	Pain. Redness. Serious skin burns.	

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

## Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

Substance

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Benzylamine	100-46-9	202-854-1	99.67

## 4 First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.		
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.		
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer for medical attention.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Refer for medical attention.		
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Half-upright position. Artificial respiration if indicated. Refer for medical attention.		
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.
- 5 Fire-fighting measures

## | Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or water spray; Large fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not get water inside containers.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.

## Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Fire may produce irritating, poisonous or corrosive gases.
- 2 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 3 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

## 6 Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.
- 2 Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- 3 Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
- 4 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- 5 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 6 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## **Environmental precautions**

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 Do not touch or cross spills.
- It is recommended that emergency personnel wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure and wear anti-corrosion clothing.
- 3 Transfer to a tank truck or special collector with a corrosion-resistant pump.
- 4 Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
- 5 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 6 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- 7 Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 8 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 9 Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.

## 7 Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

1	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.	

- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

No relevant regulations

### | Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

## | Personal protection equipment

General requirement		
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate anti-corrosion goggles.	
Hand protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective gloves.	
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.	
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.	

## 9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

#### Physical and chemical properties

• • •	
Appearance (physical state,	Transparent, colorless to light yellow, liquid
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	11.4 ( 20°C , 100g/L )
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	10
Initial boiling point and boiling	185
range(°C)	
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	60
Evaporation rate	No information available

Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: 8.2; Lower limit: 0.7
Vapor pressure	87Pa ( 25°C )
Vapor density(Air = 1)	3.70
Relative density(Water=1)	0.98
Solubility	Miscible with water
n-octanol/water partition	1.09
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	405
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

# 10 Stability and reactivity

## | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with oxidants, anhydrides, metals, metal oxides / KMnO4 metal salts, nitro-compounds may cause a fire or explosion.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidants, halogen, anhydrides, acids, metals, metal oxides, potassium permanganate, nitro-compounds and metal salts.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity	No information available
Acute toxicity	No information available

## Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Benzylamine	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

## Others

Benzylamine(Component)			
Skin corrosion/irritation	on Causes severe skin burns and eye damage(Category 1B)		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		

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# 12 Ecological information

## | Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Benzylamine	LC <sub>50</sub> :102mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available

## | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity No information available

## | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Benzylamine	High	High

## | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Benzylamine	Low	Log Kow=1.09

## | Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Benzylamine	2.590	

## 13 Disposal considerations

## | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and			
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.			
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot			
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.			
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.			

# 14 Transport information

## Label and Mark

**Transporting Label** 



## IMDG-CODE

UN number	1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	I

Marine pollutant ( Yes or no )	No

#### IATA-DGR

UN number	1760			
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.			
Transport hazard class	8			
Transport subsidiary hazard	None			
class				
Packing group	I			

## UN-ADR

UN number	1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	I

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

### Others

Precautions for transport

Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

# 15 Regulatory information

### International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М
Benzylamine	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	1	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)

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- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

#### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	A	В	С
Benzylamine	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

## US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Benzylamine	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

## 16 Other information

### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/09
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- $\hbox{[6]} \qquad \hbox{EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.}$
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
$LC_{50}$	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association

$LD_{50}$	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

## Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.