### **Safety Data Sheet**

# 1,4-Butanediol diglycidyl ether standard

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWJ5620-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/09/22

Revision Date: -



#### \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### | Product identifier

Product Name	1,4-Butanediol diglycidyl ether standard
Cat No.	BWJ5620-2016
CAS No.	2425-79-8
EC No.	219-371-7
Molecular Formula	C10H18O4

#### Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

#### Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

#### | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

# 2 Hazard(s) identification

#### Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Sensitization - skin	Category 1
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 4

#### Label elements

andling.
e.
ion/hearin
eathing.
contact
al/

Skin Contact	Redness. Pain.
Eye	Redness. Pain.
Environmental hazards	
	Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

## 3 Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

Substance

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy) butane	2425-79-8	219-371-7	98.6

# First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible). Refer immediately for medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer for medical attention if skin irritation occurs.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Give one or two glasses of water to drink. Seek medical attention if you feel unwell.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

## 5 Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
2	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Occupational Exposure limit No relevant regulations values

#### **Engineering controls**

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

### | Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective clothing and chemical resistant shoes.

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## 9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

### | Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Colorless to pale yellow liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-21.5
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	266
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	129
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available
Vapor pressure	1.3kPa ( 20°C )
Vapor density(Air = 1)	7.0
Relative density(Water=1)	1.1
Solubility	55.6g/L ( 20°C )
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	-0.15
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	260
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

# 10 Stability and reactivity

### | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	No information available.
reactions	
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	No information available.

Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

## 11 Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy )butane	1134mg/kg(Rat)	1130mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available

### | Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
butane			

#### Others

1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)butane(Component)		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction(Category 1)	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

## 12 Ecological information

### Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)	LC <sub>50</sub> : 19.8mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 22mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : >93mg/L
butane	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)

### | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy) butane	No information available	No information available	NOEC : 29mg/L(Algae)

### | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)	High	High
butane		

### | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)	Low	Log Kow=-0.15
butane		

#### | Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)	1.30	20 ℃
butane		

## 13 Disposal considerations

#### Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

## 14 Transport information

#### Label and Mark

Transporting Label	Not applicable
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#### IMDG-CODE

IMDG-CODE NO	IOT REGULATED FOR	TRANSPORT OF	F DANGEROUS	GOODS

#### IATA-DGR

IATA-DGR	NOT REGU	LATED FOR	TRANSPORT	OF DANGE	ROUS GOODS
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#### UN-ADR

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### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

### Others

Precautions for transport	Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity
	of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before
	transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing.
	The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant
	transporting requirements.

# 15 Regulatory information

#### International chemical inventory

Component	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy) butane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

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- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- 【G】 Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

#### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy	×	×	×
)butane			

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

#### US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1,4-bis(2,3-epoxypropox y)butane	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

## 16 Other information

#### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/09/22
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.

[3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.

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- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

#### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.