

Safety Data Sheet

28 Mix organophosphorus in acetone

Version : V2.0.0.1

Report No. : BWN6266-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date : 2025/10/21

Revision Date : -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Identification

Product identifier

Product Name	28 Mix organophosphorus in acetone
Cat No.	BWN6266-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678
------------------------	--------------

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; narcotic effects	Category 3

Label elements

Hazard pictograms	 
-------------------	---

Signal word	Danger
-------------	---------------

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements

◆ Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

◆ Response

P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

◆ Storage

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

◆ Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
------	---

Other hazards

	Not applicable.
--	-----------------

Hazard description

◆ Physical and chemical hazards

	Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.
--	---

◆ Health hazards

Inhaled	Sore throat. Cough. Confusion. Headache. Dizziness. Drowsiness.
---------	---

	Unconsciousness.
Ingestion	Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation).
Skin Contact	Dry skin.
Eye	Redness. Pain. Blurred vision. Possible corneal damage.

◆ Environmental hazards

	Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.
--	--------------------------------------

3 Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture

	Mixture
--	---------

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	99.9637
Dichlorvos	62-73-7	200-547-7	0.0013
Mevinphos	7786-34-7	232-095-1	0.0013
Demeton	8065-48-3	-	0.0013
Ethoprophos	13194-48-4	236-152-1	0.0013
Sulfotep	3689-24-5	222-995-2	0.0013
Phorate	298-02-2	206-052-2	0.0013
Dimethoate	60-51-5	200-480-3	0.0013
Terbuphos	13071-79-9	235-963-8	0.0013
Diazinon	333-41-5	206-373-8	0.0013
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	236-116-5	0.0013
Fonofos	944-22-9	213-408-0	0.0013
Isazofos	42509-80-8	255-863-8	0.0013
Iprobenfos	26087-47-8	247-449-0	0.0013
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	5598-13-0	227-011-5	0.0013
Parathion-methyl	298-00-0	206-050-1	0.0013
Fenitrothion	122-14-5	204-524-2	0.0013
Malathion	121-75-5	204-497-7	0.0013
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	220-864-4	0.0013
Parathion	56-38-2	200-271-7	0.0013
Isocarbophos	24353-61-5	246-192-1	0.0013
Bromophos	2104-96-3	218-277-3	0.0013
Isofenphos-methyl	99675-03-3	-	0.0013
Phenthoate	2597-03-7	219-997-0	0.0013
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	244-848-1	0.0013
Profenofos	41198-08-7	255-255-2	0.0013

Triazophos	24017-47-8	245-986-5	0.0013
Coumaphos	56-72-4	200-285-3	0.0013
Trichlorfon	52-68-6	200-149-3	0.0012

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

1	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.
---	--

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

1	Treat symptomatically.
2	Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/or vapour concentration.
3	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
4	Liquid and vapour are flammable.
5	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
6	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
2	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
3	Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
4	Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
5	Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
6	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
7	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
2	In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
3	In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
4	Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
5	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
6	Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
7	Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
8	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
9	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
10	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
11	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
12	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
13	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
2	Use only non-sparking tools.
3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
4	Use explosion proof equipment.
5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.
---	---

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Acetone	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	200	475	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	200	475	250	593.75
	Australia	500	1185	1000	2375
	Canada - Ontario	250	-	500	-
	European Union	500	1210	-	-
	New Zealand	500	1185	1000	2375
Dichlorvos	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	0.1	1	0.3	2
	Australia	0.1	0.9	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.1	-	-
	New Zealand	0.1	0.9	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	1	-	-
Mevinphos	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	0.01	0.092	0.03	0.276
	Australia	0.01	0.092	0.03	0.27
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.01	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.01(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	0.01	0.1	0.03	0.3

	USA - OSHA	-	0.1	-	-
Demeton	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.33
	Australia	0.01	0.11	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.05	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.05(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - OSHA	-	0.1	-	-
Sulfotep	Australia	0.007	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.1	-	-
	European Union	-	0.1	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.2	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.2	-	-
Phorate	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.05	-	0.15
	Australia	-	0.05	-	0.2
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.05	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.05	-	0.2
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.05(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.05	-	0.2
Dimethoate	Poland	-	0.2	-	0.6
	Romania	-	7	-	10
Terbuphos	Canada - Ontario	-	0.01	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.01(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	Belgium	-	0.01	-	-
	Canada - Québec	-	0.01	-	-
	Ireland	-	0.01	-	-
	Spain	-	0.01	-	-
Diazinon	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	0.1	-	-
	Permissible exposure	-	0.01	-	0.03

	standards for workers in the workplace				
	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.01	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.01(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
Fonofos	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.01	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.1	-	-
	Austria	-	0.1	-	0.2
	Belgium	0.01	0.1	-	-
Parathion-methyl	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.2	-	0.6
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.02	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.02(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.2	-	-
	Austria	-	0.2	-	0.4
	Belgium	-	0.02	-	-
Fenitrothion	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	0.2	-	-
	Austria	-	1	-	-
	Poland	-	0.02	-	0.1
Malathion	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	10	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	10	-	15
	Australia	-	10	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	1	-	-
	New Zealand	-	1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
Chlorpyrifos	Australia	-	0.2	-	-

	Canada - Ontario	0.1	-	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.2	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.2	-	0.6
	Austria	-	0.2	-	0.4
Parathion	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	0.1	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.1	-	0.3
	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.05	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.05(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.05	-	-
Fenamiphos	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.05	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.05(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.1	-	-
	Austria	-	0.1(inhalable aerosol)	-	0.2(inhalable aerosol)
Coumaphos	Canada - Ontario	-	0.05	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.05(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	Belgium	0.003	0.05	-	-
	Ireland	-	0.05	-	-
	Spain	-	0.05	-	-
Trichlorfon	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	0.2	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	Belgium	-	1	-	-
	Finland	-	0.5	-	-
	Poland	-	0.5	-	2

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

Personal protection equipment

General requirement	    
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	clear or yellow liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-95 (Acetone)
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	56 (Acetone)
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	-18 (Acetone)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[% (v/v)]	Upper limit : 13 (Acetone); Lower limit : 2.2 (Acetone)
Vapor pressure	24kPa (20°C, Acetone)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	2.0 (Acetone)
Relative density(Water=1)	0.8 (Acetone)
Solubility	Miscible with water (Acetone)
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	-0.24 (Acetone)
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	465 (Acetone)
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with oxidants may cause a fire or an explosion.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidants, chloroform and bromoform
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Phosphamidon	7mg/kg(Rat)	80mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.135mg/L(Rat)
Ethoprophos	26mg/kg(Rat)	2.4mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Isocarbophos	50mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	>3000mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	>0.67mg/L(Rat)
Diazinon	300mg/kg(Rat)	3600mg/kg(Rabbit)	3.5mg/L(Rat)
Malathion	2100mg/kg(Rat)	4100mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 5.2mg/L(Rat)
Mevinphos	3mg/kg(Rat)	4.7mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Profenofos	358mg/kg(Rat)	1610mg/kg(Rat)	3mg/L(Rat)
Dimethoate	150mg/kg(Rat)	353mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Acetone	5800mg/kg(Rat)	> 15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	76mg/L(Rat)
Triazophos	82mg/kg(Rat)	1100mg/kg(Rat)	0.28mg/L(Rat)
Fenitrothion	503mg/kg(Rat)	1250mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.378mg/L(Rat)
Bromophos	1600mg/kg(Rat)	2181mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Phorate	2mg/kg(Rat)	99mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Trichlorfon	250mg/kg(Rat)	2000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Terbuphos	2mg/kg(Rat)	1.1mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Parathion-methyl	14mg/kg(Rat)	300mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.034mg/L(Rat)
Chlorpyrifos	135mg/kg(Rat)	2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 0.2mg/L(Rat)
Dichlorvos	57~108mg/kg(Rat)	107mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.015mg/L(Rat)
Iprobenfos	600mg/kg(Rat)	3708mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Isazofos	27mg/kg(Rat)	755mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.103mg/L(Rat)
Coumaphos	7.1mg/kg(Rat)	500mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Parathion	13mg/kg(Rat)	15mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.084mg/L(Rat)
Sulfotep	5mg/kg(Rat)	20mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.038mg/L(Rat)
Fenamiphos	15mg/kg(Rat)	178mg/kg(Rabbit)	0.091mg/L(Rat)
Phenthoate	400mg/kg(Rat)	700mg/kg(Rat)	0.059mg/L(Rat)
Demeton	1.7mg/kg(Rat)	24mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Fonofos	3mg/kg(Rat)	25mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available

Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Acetone	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Dichlorvos	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
Mevinphos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Demeton	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Ethoprophos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Sulfotep	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Phorate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Dimethoate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Terbuphos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Diazinon	Category 2A(Remark 1)	Not Listed	Not Listed
Phosphamidon	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Fonofos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Isazofos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Iprobenfos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Parathion-methyl	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Fenitrothion	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Malathion	Category 2A	Not Listed	Not Listed
Chlorpyrifos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Parathion	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
Isocarbophos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Bromophos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Isofenphos-methyl	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Phenthoate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Fenamiphos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Profenofos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Triazophos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Coumaphos	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Trichlorfon	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed

Remark 1: Overall evaluation upgraded to Group 2A based on mechanistic evidence

Others

28 Mix organophosphorus in acetone	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness(Category 3)
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Phorate	LC ₅₀ : 0.0101mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.01mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Trichlorfon	LC ₅₀ : 1.82mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00018mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Phosphamidon	LC ₅₀ : 7.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.01mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Terbuphos	LC ₅₀ : 0.0044mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.0063mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Parathion-methyl	LC ₅₀ : 5.16mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.0026mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 11mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Chlorpyrifos	LC ₅₀ : 0.0043mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.000372mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 0.76mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Dichlorvos	LC ₅₀ : 1.32mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00028mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Iprobenfos	LC ₅₀ : 3.4mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.86mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 9.4mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Coumaphos	LC ₅₀ : 0.876mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.000146mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Parathion	LC ₅₀ : 1mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.001mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Ethoprophos	LC ₅₀ : 0.958mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.09mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Sulfotep	LC ₅₀ : 0.178mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.0025mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Fenamiphos	LC ₅₀ : 0.0721mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00175mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 38.5mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Malathion	LC ₅₀ : 0.28mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00215mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Diazinon	LC ₅₀ : 2.76mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00122mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	LC ₅₀ : 0.678mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00068mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Mevinphos	LC ₅₀ : 0.0745mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.0003mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Phenthoate	LC ₅₀ : 0.005mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Dimethoate	LC ₅₀ : 7.65mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.84mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 37.5mg/L (96h)(Algae)

Fonofos	LC ₅₀ : 0.028mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00837mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Profenofos	LC ₅₀ : 0.021mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.00106mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Demeton	LC ₅₀ : 0.525mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.01mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
Acetone	LC ₅₀ : 5540mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 18500mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 7200mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Fenitrothion	LC ₅₀ : 2.2mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.009mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 1.2mg/L (72h)(Algae)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Fenitrothion	NOEC : 0.088mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Iprobenfos	No information available	NOEC : 0.1mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 2.5mg/L(Algae)

Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Dichlorvos	High	High
Mevinphos	Low	Low
Demeton	High	High
Ethoprophos	High	High
Sulfotep	High	High
Phorate	High	High
Dimethoate	Media(Half-life = 112 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.2 days)
Terbuphos	High	High
Diazinon	High	High
Phosphamidon	High	High
Fonofos	High	High
Iprobenfos	High	High
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	High	High
Parathion-methyl	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.44 days)
Fenitrothion	High	High
Malathion	Media(Half-life = 103 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.41 days)
Chlorpyrifos	High	High
Parathion	High	High
Isocarbophos	High	High
Phenthoate	High	High
Fenamiphos	High	High
Triazophos	High	High

Coumaphos	High	High
Trichlorfon	Low(Half-life = 45 days)	Low(Half-life = 4.21 days)

Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Dichlorvos	Low	Log Kow=1.47
Mevinphos	Low	Log Kow=1.2
Demeton	Low	Log Kow=2.0926
Ethoprophos	Low	Log Kow=3.59
Sulfotep	Medium	Log Kow=3.99
Phorate	Low	Log Kow=3.9
Dimethoate	Low	BCF=8
Terbuphos	Medium	Log Kow=4.48
Diazinon	Medium	BCF=540
Phosphamidon	Low	Log Kow=0.8
Fonofos	Medium	Log Kow=3.94
Iprobenfos	Low	Log Kow=3.5668
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	High	Log Kow=4.5705
Parathion-methyl	Low	BCF=71
Fenitrothion	Low	BCF=101.7
Malathion	Low	BCF=119
Chlorpyrifos	High	BCF=2880
Parathion	Low	BCF=400
Isocarbophos	Low	Log Kow=2.7071
Phenthoate	Low	BCF=34
Fenamiphos	Low	Log Kow=3.3
Triazophos	High	Log Kow=4.5012
Coumaphos	Medium	Log Kow=4.13
Trichlorfon	Low	Log Kow=0.48

Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Dichlorvos	1.604	
Mevinphos	2.365	
Demeton	2.478	
Ethoprophos	2.212	
Sulfotep	3.587	
Phorate	2.647	

Dimethoate	1.390	
Terbuphos	2.991	
Diazinon	3.126	
Phosphamidon	3.363	
Fonofos	2.922	
Iprobenfos	3.398	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	3.303	
Parathion-methyl	2.718	
Fenitrothion	2.91~3.29	
Malathion	1.484	
Chlorpyrifos	3.90119	20 °C , pH=6.6
Parathion	3.250	
Isocarbophos	2.493	
Phenthoate	2.868	
Fenamiphos	2.028	
Profenofos	3.14675	
Triazophos	4.500	
Coumaphos	3.580	
Trichlorfon	1.731	

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

| Label and Mark

Transporting Label	
--------------------	---

| IMDG-CODE

UN number	1090
UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None

Packing group	II
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	1090
UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	II

UN-ADR

UN number	1090
UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	II

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

- ◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

	Not Available
--	---------------

- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

	Not Available
--	---------------

- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

	Not Available
--	---------------

Others

Precautions for transport	Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.
---------------------------	--

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Acetone	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Dichlorvos	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√

Mevinphos	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Demeton	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	×
Ethoprophos	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Sulfotep	√	√	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Phorate	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Dimethoate	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Terbuphos	√	√	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Diazinon	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Phosphamidon	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Fonofos	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Isazofos	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Iprobenfos	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	√	√	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Parathion-methyl	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Fenitrothion	√	√	×	×	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Malathion	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Chlorpyrifos	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	√
Parathion	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Isocarbophos	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√
Bromophos	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√
Isofenphos-methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√
Phenthoate	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Fenamiphos	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Profenofos	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Triazophos	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Coumaphos	√	√	×	×	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Trichlorfon	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×	×	√	√	√

- 【A】 China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
 【B】 European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
 【C】 United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
 【D】 Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
 【E】 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
 【F】 Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
 【G】 Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
 【H】 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
 【I】 Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
 【J】 Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
 【K】 Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
 【L】 Russia Inventory of Existing Substances(DRAFT)
 【M】 Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	A	B	C
Acetone	×	×	×
Dichlorvos	×	×	×
Mevinphos	×	×	×
Demeton	×	×	×
Ethoprophos	×	×	×
Sulfotep	×	×	×
Phorate	×	×	✓
Dimethoate	×	×	×
Terbuphos	×	×	✓
Diazinon	×	×	×
Phosphamidon	×	×	✓
Fonofos	×	×	×
Isazofos	×	×	×
Iprobenfos	×	×	×
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	×	×	×
Parathion-methyl	×	×	✓
Fenitrothion	×	×	×
Malathion	×	×	×
Chlorpyrifos	×	×	×
Parathion	×	×	✓
Isocarbophos	×	×	×
Bromophos	×	×	×
Isofenphos-methyl	×	×	×
Phenthoate	×	×	×
Fenamiphos	×	×	×
Profenofos	×	×	×
Triazophos	×	×	×
Coumaphos	×	×	×
Trichlorfon	×	×	✓

【A】 The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer

【B】 Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)

【C】 Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Acetone	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Dichlorvos	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Mevinphos	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Demeton	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Ethoprophos	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sulfotep	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Phorate	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Dimethoate	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Terbuphos	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Diazinon	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Phosphamidon	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Fonofos	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Isazofos	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	×
Iprobenfos	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×
Parathion-methyl	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Fenitrothion	×	✓	×	✓	×	✓	✓	×
Malathion	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Chlorpyrifos	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Parathion	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Isocarbophos	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Bromophos	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Isofenphos-methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Phenthoate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Fenamiphos	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Profenofos	×	×	×	✓	✓	×	×	×
Triazophos	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Coumaphos	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Trichlorfon	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
 [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
 [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
 [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
 [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
 [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- “✓” Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
 “×” No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/21
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical SafetyCards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>.
- [2] IARC, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: <https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/>.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: <http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/>.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://gestis-en.itrust.de/>.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC _x	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P _{ow}	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.