Safety Data Sheet

33 Mix pesticides in acetonitrile

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWN6327-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/10

Revision Date: -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
---	----------------

| Product identifier

Product Name	33 Mix pesticides in acetonitrile
Cat No.	BWN6327-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 4

Label elements

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

| Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

Response

◆ Response	
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

Other hazards

Not applicable.

| Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

Health hazards

Inhaled	Sore throat. Weakness. Abdominal pain. Laboured breathing. Convulsions. Unconsciousness. Vomiting. Symptoms may be delayed.
Ingestion	(Further see Inhalation).
Skin Contact	Redness.
Eye	Redness. Pain.

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	200-835-2	99.959
Diazinon	333-41-5	206-373-8	0.0012
Tribenuron methyl	101200-48-0	401-190-1	0.0012
Fenazaquin	120928-09-8	410-580-0	0.0012
Buprofezin	69327-76-0	614-948-3	0.0012
Etoxazole	153233-91-1	604-891-2	0.0012
Tralkoxydim	87820-88-0	618-075-9	0.0012
3,5-Dithia-2,4-diazahexana mide,N-(4,6-dimethoxy-2-p yrimidinyl)-4-methyl-, 3,3,5,5-tetraoxide	120923-37-7	601-744-4	0.0012
Bensulfuron-methyl	83055-99-6	401-340-6	0.0012
Chlorsulfuron	64902-72-3	265-268-5	0.0012
Cinosulfuron	94593-91-6	619-051-0	0.0012
Cyclosulfamuron	136849-15-5	603-980-3	0.0012
Ethoxysulfuron	126801-58-9	603-166-8	0.0012
Flucetosulfuron	412928-75-7	-	0.0012
lodosulfuron-methyl sodium	144550-36-7	604-422-1	0.0012
Mesosulfuron-methyl	208465-21-8	606-653-3	0.0012
Metsulfuron methyl	74223-64-6	616-063-8	0.0012

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the
	doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily
	possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer
	for medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Induce vomiting (ONLY IN CONSCIOUS PERSONS!). Give plenty
	of water to drink. Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take
	precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire:
	alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight
	fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor
	nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.
3	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
4	Liquid and vapour are flammable.
5	May emit poisonous fumes on fire.
6	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
7	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full
	protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
2	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
3	Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
4	Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
5	Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.
6	Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
7	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
8	Use personal protective equipment,do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
9	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
10	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

| Environmental precautions

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and

	wear anti-static clothing.			
2	In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.			
3	In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.			
4	Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.			
5	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.			
6	Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.			
7	Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.			
8	Do not touch or cross spills.			
9	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-virus suits.			
10	Spray water disperses the vapor and dilutes the liquid spill.			
11	Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.			
12	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.			
13	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.			
14	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.			
15	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.			
16	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.			
17	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.			

7 Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling

1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
2	Use only non-sparking tools.
3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
4	Use explosion proof equipment.
5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours	Limit value - Short term
--------------------------	---------------------------	--------------------------

		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Acetonitrile	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	40	67	60	100.5
	Australia	40	67	60	101
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	-	-
	European Union	40	70	-	-
	New Zealand	40	67	60	101
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
Diazinon	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.1	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	0.01	-	0.03
	Australia	-	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.01	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.01(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
Buprofezin	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	2	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.5	-	-
Prometryn	USA - ACGIH	-	1(inhalable fraction)	-	-
Hexazinone	USA - ACGIH	-	3(inhalable fraction)	-	-
	Ireland	-	3	-	-
lmazalil	Germany (AGS)	-	2	-	4
	Germany (DFG)	-	2	-	4
	Switzerland	-	4	-	8
Thiabendazole	Germany (AGS)	-	20(inhalable aerosol)	-	40(inhalable aerosol)
	Germany (DFG)	-	20	-	40
	Switzerland	-	10(inhalable aerosol)	-	-
Clothianidin	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	0.4	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.1(Inhalable fraction)	-	-

| Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,	Clear, colorless liquid
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-46 (Acetonitrile)
Initial boiling point and boiling	82 (Acetonitrile)
range(°C)	
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	2 (Acetonitrile)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: 17 (Acetonitrile); Lower limit: 3 (Acetonitrile)
Vapor pressure	9.9kPa (25°C,Acetonitrile)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	1.4 (Acetonitrile)
Relative density(Water=1)	0.8 (Acetonitrile)
Solubility	1000000mg/L (25 °C,Acetonitrile)
n-octanol/water partition	-0.3 (Acetonitrile)
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	524 (Acetonitrile)
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

1	
Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	In contact with N-halogen compounds may cause a potensive explosive
reactions	hazardous.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.

Incompatible materials	N - halogenated compounds, sulfuric acid and strong oxidants.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Buprofezin	2200mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Fenazaquin	134mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Pirimicarb	147mg/kg(Rat)	> 500mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Hexazinone	1690mg/kg(Rat)	> 5278mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Bensulfuron-methyl	>5000mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Propamocarb	8600mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Triasulfuron	>5000mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 2.32mg/L(Rat)
lmazalil	227mg/kg(Rat)	4200mg/kg(Rabbit)	16mg/L(Rat)
Etoxazole	No information available	> 2000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Clothianidin	389mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Tribenuron methyl	> 5000mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Prometryn	3150mg/kg(Rat)	> 3100mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 2.43mg/L(Rat)
Metsulfuron methyl	>5000mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 5mg/L(Rat)
Cyclosulfamuron	>5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Acetonitrile	2460mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	4.748mg/L(Rabbit)
Tralkoxydim	934mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Diazinon	300mg/kg(Rat)	3600mg/kg(Rabbit)	3.5mg/L(Rat)
2-Cyclohexen-1-one,2-[1-(ethoxyimino)butyl]-3-hydr oxy-5-(tetrahydro-2H-thio pyran-3-yl)-	3900mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
5-butyl-2-ethylamino-6-m ethylpyrimidin-4-yldimeth ylsulphamate	4000mg/kg(Rat)	500mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Pyrimethanil	4150mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Thiabendazole	3330mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Chlorsulfuron	5545mg/kg(Rat)	3400mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 5.9mg/L(Rat)
Cinosulfuron	>5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Thifensulfuron methyl	>5000mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 7.9mg/L(Rat)

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Acetonitrile	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Remark 1: Overall evaluation upgraded to Group 2A based on mechanistic evidence

Others

33 Mix pesticides in acetonitrile		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

12 Ecological information

Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Fenazaquin	LC ₅₀ : 0.004mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 0.004mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Pirimicarb	LC ₅₀ : 78mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.01mg/L	No information available
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Hexazinone	LC ₅₀ :317mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 118mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 0.02mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
Bensulfuron-methyl	No information available	EC_{50} : > 100mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 17.8mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
lmazalil	LC ₅₀ : 2mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 3.35mg/L	No information available
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Tribenuron methyl	No information available	EC_{50} : > 320mg/L	No information available
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Prometryn	LC ₅₀ : 4.5mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 14.1mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 0.02mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
Metsulfuron methyl	No information available	No information available	ErC ₅₀ : 9.91mg/L
			(96h)(Algae)
Chlorimuron ethyl	LC ₅₀ : > 120mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 1000mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Acetonitrile	LC ₅₀ : > 100mg/L	EC_{50} : > 1000mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : >700mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Diazinon	LC ₅₀ : 2.76mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 0.00122mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
2-Cyclohexen-1-one,2-[1-(No information available	EC ₅₀ : 132.5mg/L	No information available
ethoxyimino)butyl]-3-hydr		(48h)(Crustaceans)	
oxy-5-(tetrahydro-2H-thio			
pyran-3-yl)-			
Cyprodinil	LC ₅₀ : 2.3mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.03mg/L	No information available
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	

Thiabendazole	LC ₅₀ : 3.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.67mg/L	No information available
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Chlorsulfuron	LC ₅₀ : 40mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 370mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 0.75mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Acetonitrile	NOEC: 102mg/L(Fish)	NOEC: >960mg/L(Crusta	NOEC: 700mg/L(Algae)
		ceans)	
Chlorimuron ethyl	NOEC: 7.6mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Diazinon	High	High
Buprofezin	High	High
Bensulfuron-methyl	High	High
Chlorsulfuron	High	High
Metsulfuron methyl	High	High
Prometryn	High	High
Hexazinone	High	High
lmazalil	High	High
Thiabendazole	High	High
Pirimicarb	High	High
Chlorimuron ethyl	High	High

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Diazinon	Medium	BCF=540
Buprofezin	Medium	Log Kow=4.2966
Bensulfuron-methyl	Low	Log Kow=1.8541
Chlorsulfuron	Low	Log Kow=2.5719
Metsulfuron methyl	Low	Log Kow=1.7626
Prometryn	Low	Log Kow=3.51
Hexazinone	Low	Log Kow=1.85
lmazalil	High	Log Kow=4.56
Thiabendazole	Low	Log Kow=2.47
Pirimicarb	Low	Log Kow=2.2662
Chlorimuron ethyl	Low	Log Kow=2.6449

| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Acetonitrile	0.653	
Diazinon	3.126	
Buprofezin	3.759	
Bensulfuron-methyl	2.487	
Chlorsulfuron	3.131	
Metsulfuron methyl	2.592	
Prometryn	2.41896	
Hexazinone	2.788	
lmazalil	4.176	
Thiabendazole	3.345	
Clothianidin	1.92~2.54	
Pirimicarb	2.485	
Chlorimuron ethyl	2.858	

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

<u> </u>		
Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and	
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.	
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot	
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.	
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.	

Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label





| IMDG-CODE

UN number	3021
UN proper shipping name	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S. , flashpoint less than 23 °C
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	6.1
class	
Packing group	п
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	3021
UN proper shipping name	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S., flash point less than 23 ℃

Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	6.1
class	
Packing group	п

UN-ADR

UN number	3021
UN proper shipping name	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S., flash point less than 23 °C
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	6.1
class	
Packing group	п

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Transit should be anti-exposure, rain, high temperature. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, alkalis, oxidants, food and food additives etc. Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Acetonitrile	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Diazinon	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Tribenuron methyl	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	×
Fenazaquin	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Buprofezin	1	×	×	×	√	√	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Etoxazole	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	√	√

Tralkoxydim	×	×	×	×	\ \	×	×	×	×	×	V	√	√
3,5-Dithia-2,4-diazahexana mide,N-(4,6-dimethoxy-2-p yrimidinyl)-4-methyl-, 3,3,5,5-tetraoxide	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	V	×
Bensulfuron-methyl	√	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Chlorsulfuron	√	√	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√
Cinosulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Cyclosulfamuron	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Ethoxysulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Flucetosulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
lodosulfuron-methyl sodium	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	×
Mesosulfuron-methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	×
Metsulfuron methyl	√	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	√	√
Thifensulfuron methyl	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	√	√
Triasulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√	√
2-Cyclohexen-1-one,2-[1-(ethoxyimino)butyl]-3-hydr oxy-5-(tetrahydro-2H-thio pyran-3-yl)-	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	√	V
5-butyl-2-ethylamino-6-me thylpyrimidin-4-yldimethyl sulphamate	×	√	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	V
Prometryn	V	√	×	×	√	×	√	×	√	×	√	√	√
Hexazinone	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	×	√	×	√	√	×
Imazalil	×	√	×	×	√	×	×	×	√	×	√	√	√
Propamocarb	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Thiabendazole	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Benzeneacetamide,N-[[(cy clopropylmethoxy)amino][2,3-difluoro-6-(trifluorome thyl)phenyl]methylene]-,[N(Z)]-	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	V
Cyprodinil	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√
Pyrimethanil	1	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Clothianidin	V	×	×	×	V	×	×	×	V	×	√	√	V
Pirimicarb	V	V	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	√	V	√
Chlorimuron ethyl	V	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	√
Propyrisulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	√	×
Pyrazosulfuron-ethyl	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×	×	×	√	√

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)

- **[G]** Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Acetonitrile	×	×	×
Diazinon	×	×	×
Tribenuron methyl	×	×	×
Fenazaquin	×	×	×
Buprofezin	×	×	×
Etoxazole	×	×	×
Tralkoxydim	×	×	×
3,5-Dithia-2,4-diazahexan amide,N-(4,6-dimethoxy-2 -pyrimidinyl)-4-methyl-, 3,3,5,5-tetraoxide	×	×	×
Bensulfuron-methyl	×	×	×
Chlorsulfuron	×	×	×
Cinosulfuron	×	×	×
Cyclosulfamuron	×	×	×
Ethoxysulfuron	×	×	×
Flucetosulfuron	×	×	×
lodosulfuron-methyl sodium	×	×	×
Mesosulfuron-methyl	×	×	×
Metsulfuron methyl	×	×	×
Thifensulfuron methyl	×	×	×
Triasulfuron	×	×	×
2-Cyclohexen-1-one,2-[1-(ethoxyimino)butyl]-3-hydr oxy-5-(tetrahydro-2H-thio pyran-3-yl)-	×	×	×
5-butyl-2-ethylamino-6-m ethylpyrimidin-4-yldimeth ylsulphamate	×	×	×
Prometryn	×	×	×
Hexazinone	×	×	×
lmazalil	×	×	×
Propamocarb	×	×	×
Thiabendazole	×	×	×

Benzeneacetamide,N-[[(c yclopropylmethoxy)amin o][2,3-difluoro-6-(trifluoro methyl)phenyl]methylene]-,[N(Z)]-	×	×	×
Cyprodinil	×	×	×
Pyrimethanil	×	×	×
Clothianidin	×	×	×
Pirimicarb	×	×	×
Chlorimuron ethyl	×	×	×
Propyrisulfuron	×	×	×
Pyrazosulfuron-ethyl	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Acetonitrile	V	×	√	√	√	√	V	×
Diazinon	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Tribenuron methyl	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×
Fenazaquin	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Buprofezin	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Etoxazole	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Tralkoxydim	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
3,5-Dithia-2,4-diazahexa namide,N-(4,6-dimethoxy -2-pyrimidinyl)-4-methyl- , 3,3,5,5-tetraoxide	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Bensulfuron-methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Chlorsulfuron	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	×
Cinosulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Cyclosulfamuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Ethoxysulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Flucetosulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
lodosulfuron-methyl sodium	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Mesosulfuron-methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Metsulfuron methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Thifensulfuron methyl	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Triasulfuron	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
2-Cyclohexen-1-one,2-[1- (ethoxyimino)butyl]-3-hy droxy-5-(tetrahydro-2H-t	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/10
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- $[7] \qquad \text{U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.} \\$
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine dis ruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.