Safety Data Sheet

4 kinds of organochlorine in toluene/hexane

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWN6330-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/16

Revision Date: -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Identi	fication
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| Product identifier

<u> </u>	
Product Name	4 kinds of organochlorine in toluene/hexane
Cat No.	BWN6330-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 3
single exposure; narcotic	
effects	
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity - effects	Additional

on or via lactation	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1

Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements

<u> </u>	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(nervous
	system)

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P263	Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
◆ Storage	
P405	Store locked up.

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards

Not applicable.

Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

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Health hazards

Inhaled Cough. Sore throat. Dizziness. Drowsiness. Headache. Nausea. Unconsciousness.	
Ingestion Burning sensation. Abdominal pain. (Further see Inhalation).	
Skin Contact Dry skin. Redness.	
Eye	Redness. Pain.

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	319-84-6	206-270-8	0.127
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	319-85-7	206-271-3	0.127
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	319-86-8	206-272-9	0.127
Lindane	58-89-9	200-401-2	0.127
N-hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	43.002
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	56.490

First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap. Refer for medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire:
	alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight
	fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor
	nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/
	or vapour concentration.
3	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

- 4 Liquid and vapour are flammable.
- 5 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 6 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
2	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
3	Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
4	Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
5	Use personal protective equipment,do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
6	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
7	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

| Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
- In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
- 4 Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
- 5 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- 6 Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
- 7 Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
- 8 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 11 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container
- 13 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Avoid inhalation of vapors.
- 2 Use only non-sparking tools.
- 3 To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
- 4 Use explosion proof equipment.
- 5 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 6 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 7 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 8 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Country/Region Limit value - Eight hours		s Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohe	Austria	-	0.5(inhalable aerosol)	-	-
xane	Denmark	-	0.5	-	1
	Germany (DFG)	-	0.5	-	4
	Switzerland	-	1(inhalable aerosol)	-	-
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohe	Denmark	-	0.5	-	1
xane	Germany (DFG)	-	0.1	-	0.8
	Switzerland	-	0.2(inhalable aerosol)	-	-
Lindane	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	-	-	-
	Australia	0.008	0.1	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	0.5	-	-
	New Zealand	-	0.1	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	0.5	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	0.5	-	-
N-hexane	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	40	140	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	176	75	220
	Australia	20	72	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	50	-	-	-
	European Union	20	72	-	-
	New Zealand	20	72	-	-
Toluene	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	50	188	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for	50	188	75	235

workers in the workplace				
Australia	50	191	150	574
Canada - Ontario	20	-	-	-
European Union	50	192	100	384
New Zealand	20	75	100	377

| Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

	1100
Appearance (physical state,	colorless liquid
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-95 (Toluene)
Initial boiling point and boiling	111 (Toluene)
range(°C)	
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	4 (Toluene)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: 7.1 (Toluene); Lower limit: 1.1 (Toluene)
limits[%(v/v)]	
Vapor pressure	3.8kPa (25°C,Toluene)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	3.1 (Toluene)
Relative density(Water=1)	0.87 (Toluene)
Solubility	Insoluble in water (Toluene)
n-octanol/water partition	2.69 (Toluene)
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	480 (Toluene)
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available

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Kinematic viscosity	No information available	

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other
Reactivity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	In contact with an open flame may cause a fire or explosion. In contact with
reactions	halides may cause an active reaction.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidantss and halogen. Halides, oxidants and halogen.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Lindane	88mg/kg(Rat)	50mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
N-hexane	25000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	169.188mg/L(Rat)
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohex ane	177mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohex ane	6000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexan e	1000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Toluene	636mg/kg(Rat)	12200mg/kg(Rabbit)	49mg/L(Rat)

Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	Not Listed	Category R	Not Listed
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	Not Listed	Category R	Not Listed
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	Not Listed	Category R	Not Listed
Lindane	Category 1	Category R	Not Listed
N-hexane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Toluene	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

4 kinds of organochlorine in toluene/hexane		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)	

Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child(Category 2); May cause harm to breast-fed children(Additional)
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness(Category 3)
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(nervous system)(Category 1)
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways(Category 1)
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12 Ecological information

Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Lindane	LC ₅₀ : 0.0714mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 0.58mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 1.62mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
N-hexane	LC ₅₀ : 57.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4	LC ₅₀ : 1.5mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.9mg/L	No information available
,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa		(48h)(Crustaceans)	
ne			
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3,4	LC ₅₀ : 1.52mg/L	No information available	No information available
,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa	(96h)(Fish)		
ne			
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	LC ₅₀ : 1.21mg/L	No information available	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)		
Toluene	LC ₅₀ : 25mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 4.1mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 29mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
Toluene	No information available	NOEC :	NOEC: 9.1mg/L(Algae)
		1.2mg/L(Crustaceans)	

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4	High(Half-life = 270 days)	Low(Half-life = 3.85 days)
,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa		
ne		
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3,4	High(Half-life = 248 days)	Low(Half-life = 3.85 days)
,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa		
ne		
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	High(Half-life = 200 days)	Low(Half-life = 3.85 days)
Lindane	High(Half-life = 240.21 days)	Low(Half-life = 3.85 days)
N-hexane	Low	Low

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	Medium	Log Kow=3.8
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	Medium	Log Kow=3.8
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	Medium	Log Kow=4.14
Lindane	Medium	BCF=1400
N-hexane	Medium	Log Kow=3.9

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| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	3.529	
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	3.529	
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	3.529	
Lindane	3.529	
N-hexane	≥2.37 - ≤3.16	20 °C , pH=7.0
Toluene	2.31	20 ℃

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label



IMDG-CODE

UN number	1993			
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.			
Transport hazard class	3			

Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	п
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

UN-ADR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3,4	×	√	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	×	×		√

,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne													
(1 α ,2 β ,3 α ,4 β ,5 α ,6 β)-1,2,3,4 ,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexa ne	V	√	√	×	×	×	×	×	√	×	×	√	√
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	√	√	√	×	√	×	√	×	√	×	×	√	√
Lindane	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	×	√	×	√	√	1
N-hexane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
Toluene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	1

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohex ane	×	V	×
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohex ane	×	√ 	×
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexane	×	×	×
Lindane	×	V	V
N-hexane	×	×	×
Toluene	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
(1α,2α,3β,4α,5β,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohe xane	×	×	√	√	√	V	V	×
(1α,2β,3α,4β,5α,6β)-1,2,3, 4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohe xane	×	×	√	√	√	V	V	×
δ-Hexachlorocyclohexan e	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Lindane	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	√	√	√	×
N-hexane	V	×	√	√	√	√	√	√

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/16
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- $[7] \qquad \text{U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.} \\$
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume

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