# **Safety Data Sheet**

# Vitamin B2 in hydrochloric acid water

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ0102-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/14

Revision Date: -



## \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
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### | Product identifier

Product Name	Vitamin B2 in hydrochloric acid water
Cat No.	BWQ0102-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

### Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses Please consult manufacturer.		Please consult manufacturer.
	Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

### Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

### | Emergency phone number

Emergency	nhono	numbor	010-58103678
Emergency	pnone	number	■ UTU-58TU3678

2 Hazard(s) identification

## Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2

### Label elements

Laborationia	
Hazard pictograms	<u>•</u>
Signal word	<b>Warning</b>

#### | Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

## | Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing		
	protection.		

### Response

P321 Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### Storage

Storage	Not applicable

## Disposal

Disposal	Not applicable

# Other hazards

Not applicable.

# | Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

NΙΩ	inform	ation	avail	ahla

## Health hazards

Inhaled	Inhalation of the product may produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following discomfort.		
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful to the health of the individual.		
Skin Contact	The product can cause skin irritation following direct contact with the skin.		
Eye	This product may cause serious eye irritation. Severe inflammation may be expected with pain following direct contact with the eye.		

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	98.9
Hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	231-595-7	1
Riboflavin	83-88-5	201-507-1	0.1

# 4 First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a
physician if feel uncomfortable.
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of
soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel
uncomfortable.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or
Poison Control Center immediately.
Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth
to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing,
,
give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take
precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

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### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

# Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

<u> </u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 2 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# 6 Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- 2 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 3 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### **Environmental precautions**

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	mothers and natorials for contaminon, and cloaming up		
1	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.		
2	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.		
3	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.		
4	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.		
5	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.		

# 7 Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

1	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
2	Wear suitable protective equipment.
3	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
4	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

# | Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Component Country/Region		- Eight hours	Limit value	- Short term
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Hydrogen chloride	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	-	-	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	-	-	-
	Australia	-	-	5	7.5
	Canada - Ontario	-	-	2	-
	European Union	5	8	10	15
	USA - NIOSH	-	-	5	7

## | Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that evewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location

- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
  - 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

## | Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective clothing and chemical resistant shoes.

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# 9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

## | Physical and chemical properties

Yellow to orange-yellow transparent liquid
No information available
No information available
7.00 ( 20°C, Water )
0 ( Water )
100 ( Water )
No information available
No information available
No information available
Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available
2.33kPa ( 20°C,Water )
> 1 ( Water )
1 ( 3.9°C, Water )
No information available
No information available
No information available
No information available
No information available

# 10 Stability and reactivity

#### | Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	In contact with active metals (alkali metals, Na, Ca etc.) causes a reaction and
,	l '
reactions	release hydrogen. In contact with magnesium, sodium, potassium, copper and
	other metals or metal acetylense may cause a fire or explosion.

Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Alkali, sodium, calcium, and other active metal, halogen, metal oxide, nonmetal oxide, acyl halide and metal phosphide. Magnesium, sodium, potassium, copper, oxidants, acetylene metal compounds, alcohols, alkanes, hydrogen and water.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

# | Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
Hydrogen chloride	900mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available	No information available
Riboflavin	> 10000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

# | Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by	Report on Carcinogens	OSHA Carcinogen List
	the IARC Monographs	by NTP	
Water	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Hydrogen chloride	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Riboflavin	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

## Others

Vitamin B2 in hydrochloric acid water		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

# 12 Ecological information

# | Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Hydrogen chloride	LC <sub>50</sub> : 20.5mg/L	No information available	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)		

# | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity | No information available

## | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
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Riboflavin	High	High

### | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Riboflavin	Low	Log Kow=-1.46

## | Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Riboflavin	2.513	

# 13 Disposal considerations

### | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

# 14 Transport information

### Label and Mark

Transporting Label	l V	<b>l</b> ot	ap	plical	ol	е
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### IMDG-CODE

IMDG-CODE	NOT REGULATED	FOR TRANSPORT	OF DANGEROUS	GOODS
IIVIDO-OODE	INCINE COLATED		OI DANGEROOG	

### IATA-DGR

LATA DOD		FOR TRANSPORT	OF DANIOEDOLIO	00000
	NOI REGULATED	FOR TRANSPORT	OF DANGEROUS	

### UN-ADR

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

#### Others

Precautions for transport	Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant
	transporting requirements.

# 15 Regulatory information

## International chemical inventory

Component	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Water	√	√	V	√	√	√	V	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>
Hydrogen chloride	√	<b>√</b>											
Riboflavin	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	×	√	<b>√</b>	√

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- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Water	×	×	×
Hydrogen chloride	×	×	×
Riboflavin	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

#### US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Water	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Hydrogen chloride	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	×
Riboflavin	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

# 16 Other information

### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/14
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

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#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

PC-STEL Short term exposure limit OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development	pment
PC-TWA Time Weighted Average IMDG- International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE	
CODE CODE	
MAC Maximum Allowable Concentration IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer	
DNEL Derived No Effect Level ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization	
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration IATA International Air Transportation Association	
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hy	/gienists
LC <sub>50</sub> Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association	
LD <sub>50</sub> Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program	
EC <sub>50</sub> Effective Concentration 50% PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	
EC <sub>X</sub> Effective Concentration X% vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative	
Pow Partition coefficient Octanol: Water CMR Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to repro	duction
BCF Bioconcentration factor RPE Respiratory Protective Equipment	
ED Endocrine disruptor HCS Hazard Communication Standard	

#### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.