### **Safety Data Sheet**

# Bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate in n-Hexane

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ0118-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/14

Revision Date: -



#### \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
---	----------------

### | Product identifier

Product Name	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate in n-Hexane
Cat No.	BWQ0118-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

### Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

### Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

### | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

## 2 Hazard(s) identification

### Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; narcotic	Category 3
effects	
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 1
repeated exposure	

#### Label elements

## | Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(nervous
	system)

## | Precautionary statements

## Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

#### Response

◆ Response	
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].

## Storage

- Otorage		
	P405 Store locked up.	

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

	P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
◆ Disposal		
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards		

Not applicable.

## | Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

#### Health hazards

Inhaled	Dizziness. Drowsiness. Dullness. Headache. Nausea. Weakness. Unconsciousness.
Ingestion	Abdominal pain. (Further see Inhalation).
Skin Contact	Dry skin. Redness. Pain.
Eye	Redness. Pain.

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
N-hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	99.87
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	203-090-1	0.13

## First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

•	
General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the
	doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily
	possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.
	Refer for medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rest. Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take
	precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### | Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

## Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire:
	alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight
	fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor
	nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Will form explosive mixtures with air.
- 2 Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.
- 3 Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
- 4 Liquid and vapour are flammable.
- 5 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 6 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

## 6 Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
- 2 Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
- 3 Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
- 4 Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
- 5 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 7 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### **Environmental precautions**

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.

3	In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
4	Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
5	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
6	Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
7	Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
8	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
9	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
10	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
11	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
12	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
13	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

## 7 Handling and storage

### | Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapors.  Use only non-sparking tools.  To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be ground.  Use explosion proof equipment.  Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.  Wear suitable protective equipment.  Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.		<u> </u>
To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be ground.  Use explosion proof equipment.  Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.  Wear suitable protective equipment.  Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
<ul> <li>4 Use explosion proof equipment.</li> <li>5 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.</li> <li>6 Wear suitable protective equipment.</li> <li>7 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> </ul>	2	Use only non-sparking tools.
<ul> <li>Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.</li> <li>Wear suitable protective equipment.</li> <li>Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> </ul>	3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
6 Wear suitable protective equipment.  7 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	4	Use explosion proof equipment.
7 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
·	6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
8 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.	7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

## | Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

## | Control parameters

◆Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
N-hexane	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	40	140	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the	50	176	75	220

workplace				
Australia	20	72	-	-
Canada - Ontario	50	-	-	-
European Union	20	72	-	-
New Zealand	20	72	-	-

## | Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

## | Personal protection equipment

General requirement			
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.		
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.		
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.		
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.		

## Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

### | Physical and chemical properties

1 ,	
Appearance (physical state,	Clear, colorless liquid
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-95 ( N-hexane )
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	69 ( N-hexane )
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	-22 ( N-hexane )
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: 7.5 ( N-hexane ); Lower limit: 1.1 ( N-hexane )
limits[%(v/v)]	
Vapor pressure	17kPa ( 20°C,N-hexane )
Vapor density(Air = 1)	3.0 ( N-hexane )
Relative density(Water=1)	0.66~0.68 ( 20 °C,N-hexane )
Solubility	Insoluble in water ( N-hexane )
n-octanol/water partition	3.9 ( N-hexane )
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	225 ( N-hexane )
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available

Kinematic viscosity

No information available

# 10 Stability and reactivity

## | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other
Chemical stability	chemical reactions.  Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	In contact with an open flame may cause a fire or explosion.
reactions	
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidantss and halogen.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Component LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)		LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)	
N-hexane	25000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	169.188mg/L(Rat)	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	9100mg/kg(Rat)	14800mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available	

## | Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List			
N-hexane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed			
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed			

## Others

Bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate in n-Hexane						
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)					
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility(Category 2)					
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness(Category 3)					
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(nervous system)(Category 1)					
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways(Category 1)					
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met					

## 12 Ecological information

## | Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants

			I		
N-hexane	LC <sub>50</sub> : 57.8mg/L	No information available	No information available		
	(96h)(Fish)				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	LC <sub>50</sub> : > 0.78mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : >50mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : >0.0032mg/L		
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)		

## | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	No information available	NOEC: >0.0032mg/L(Cru	NOEC: 50mg/L(Algae)
		staceans)	

## | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)			
N-hexane	Low	Low			
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	Low(Half-life = 56 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.08 days)			

## | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments			
N-hexane	Medium	Log Kow=3.9			
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	High	BCF=2700			

## Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
N-hexane	≥2.37 - ≤3.16	20 °C , pH=7.0
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	4.56	20 ℃

## 13 Disposal considerations

## | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and			
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.			
Contaminated packaging	ontainers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot			
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.			
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.			

# 14 Transport information

### Label and Mark

Transporting Label



### | IMDG-CODE

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate in n-Hexan	e Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	п
Marine pollutant ( Yes or no )	No
IATA-DGR	
UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	п
UN-ADR	
UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	п
Transport in bulk according t	o IMO instruments
◆ Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code
	Not Available
◆ Transport in bulk in accorda	nce with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code
	Not Available
◆Transport in bulk in accorda	nce with the IGC Code
	Not Available
Others	
Precautions for transport	Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature.  Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

# 15 Regulatory information

## | International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L	М
			l.										

N-hexane	√	<b>√</b>	V	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V	<b>√</b>	V	V	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V	V	<b>√</b>	V

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- 【G】 Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

#### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
N-hexane	×	×	×
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

### US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
N-hexane	√	×	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

## 16 Other information

#### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/14
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.

[3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA Time Weighted Average		IMDG-	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
1011111	Time Weighted Weidge	CODE	international Mariante Barrigorous Goods GGBE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

#### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.