

Safety Data Sheet

23 Mix VOCs in acetonitrile

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Report No. : BWQ0159-2016-MSDS-US

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Revision Date : -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Identification

Product identifier

Product Name	23 Mix VOCs in acetonitrile
Cat No.	BWQ0159-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678
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2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 4
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2

Label elements

Hazard pictograms	  
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Precautionary statements

◆ Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

◆ Response

P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

		lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
◆ Storage		
	P405	Store locked up.
	P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
◆ Disposal		
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards

	Not applicable.
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Hazard description

◆ Physical and chemical hazards

	Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.
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◆ Health hazards

Inhaled	Sore throat. Weakness. Abdominal pain. Laboured breathing. Convulsions. Unconsciousness. Vomiting. Symptoms may be delayed.
Ingestion	(Further see Inhalation).
Skin Contact	Redness.
Eye	Redness. Pain.

◆ Environmental hazards

	Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.
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3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

	Mixture
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Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	200-835-2	94.4
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	0.24
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7	0.24
2-methylpropan-2-ol	75-65-0	200-889-7	0.24
N-hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	0.24
Butanone	78-93-3	201-159-0	0.24
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4	0.24
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	203-806-2	0.24
Benzene	71-43-2	200-753-7	0.24
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	200-751-6	0.24
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	203-550-1	0.24
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	0.24
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	203-745-1	0.24

N-butyl acetate	123-86-4	204-658-1	0.24
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	202-849-4	0.24
p-xylene	106-42-3	203-396-5	0.24
m-xylene	108-38-3	203-576-3	0.24
o-xylene	95-47-6	202-422-2	0.24
Styrene	100-42-5	202-851-5	0.24
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	203-631-1	0.24
Mesitylene	108-67-8	203-604-4	0.24
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	202-436-9	0.24
Butyl glycolate	7397-62-8	230-991-7	0.24
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	208-394-8	0.24

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer for medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Induce vomiting (ONLY IN CONSCIOUS PERSONS!). Give plenty of water to drink. Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

1	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

1	Treat symptomatically.
2	Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/or vapour concentration.

3	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
4	Liquid and vapour are flammable.
5	May emit poisonous fumes on fire.
6	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
7	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
2	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
3	Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
4	Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
5	Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.
6	Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
7	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
8	Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
9	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
10	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
2	In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
3	In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
4	Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
5	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
6	Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
7	Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
8	Do not touch or cross spills.
9	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-virus suits.
10	Spray water disperses the vapor and dilutes the liquid spill.

11	Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
12	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
13	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
14	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
15	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
16	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
17	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
2	Use only non-sparking tools.
3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
4	Use explosion proof equipment.
5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Acetonitrile	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	40	67	60	100.5
	Australia	40	67	60	101
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	-	-
	European Union	40	70	-	-
	New Zealand	40	67	60	101
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
Acetone	Japan - JSOH(2024-2025)	200	475	-	-
	Permissible	200	475	250	593.75

	exposure standards for workers in the workplace				
	Australia	500	1185	1000	2375
	Canada - Ontario	250	-	500	-
	European Union	500	1210	-	-
	New Zealand	500	1185	1000	2375
Propan-2-ol	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	-	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	400	983	500	1228.75
	Australia	400	983	500	1230
	Canada - Ontario	200	-	400	-
	New Zealand	400	983	500	1230
	USA - ACGIH	200	-	400	-
2-methylpropan-2-ol	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	50	150	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	303	125	378.75
	Australia	75	65	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	-	-
	New Zealand	100	303	150	455
	USA - ACGIH	100	-	-	-
N-hexane	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	40	140	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	176	75	220
	Australia	20	72	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	50	-	-	-
	European Union	20	72	-	-
	New Zealand	20	72	-	-
Butanone	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	75	221	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the	200	590	250	737.5

	workplace				
	Australia	150	445	300	890
	Canada - Ontario	200	-	300	-
	European Union	200	600	300	900
	New Zealand	150	445	300	890
Ethyl acetate	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	200	720	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	400	1440	500	1440
	Australia	200	720	400	1440
	Canada - Ontario	400	-	-	-
	European Union	200	734	400	1468
	New Zealand	200	720	-	-
Cyclohexane	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	150	520	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	300	1030	375	1030
	Australia	100	350	300	1050
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	-	-
	European Union	200	700	-	-
	New Zealand	100	350	300	1050
Benzene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	1(individual excess lifetime risk of cancer 10^{-3})	-	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	1	3.2	2	6.4
	Australia	1	3.2	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	0.5	-	2.5	-
	European Union	0.2	0.66	-	-
	New Zealand	0.05	0.16	-	-
Butan-1-ol	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	-	-	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	303	125	378.75

	Australia	-	-	50	152
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	-	-
	New Zealand	-	-	50	150
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	20	82	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	205	75	256.25
	Australia	50	205	75	307
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	75	-
	European Union	20	83	50	208
	New Zealand	50	205	75	307
Toluene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	50	188	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	188	75	235
	Australia	50	191	150	574
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	-	-
	European Union	50	192	100	384
	New Zealand	20	75	100	377
Isobutyl acetate	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	150	713	187.5	891.25
	Australia	150	713	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	150	-	-	-
	European Union	50	241	150	723
	New Zealand	150	713	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	50	-	150	-
N-butyl acetate	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	100	475	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	150	712	187.5	890
	Australia	150	713	200	950
	Canada - Ontario	150	-	200	-
	European Union	50	241	150	723

	New Zealand	150	713	200	950
Ethylbenzene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	20	87	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	434	125	542.5
	Australia	100	434	125	543
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	-	-
	European Union	100	442	200	884
	New Zealand	20	88	40	176
p-xylene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	434	125	542.5
	Australia	80	350	150	655
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	150	-
	European Union	50	221	100	442
	New Zealand	50	217	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
m-xylene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	434	125	542.5
	Australia	80	350	150	655
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	150	-
	European Union	50	221	100	442
	New Zealand	50	217	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
o-xylene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	434	125	542.5
	Australia	80	350	150	655
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	150	-
	European Union	50	221	100	442
	New Zealand	50	217	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
Styrene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	10	42.6	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for	50	213	75	266.25

	workers in the workplace				
	Australia	50	213	100	426
	Canada - Ontario	35	-	100	-
	New Zealand	20	85	40	170
	USA - ACGIH	10	-	20	-
Cyclohexanone	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	25	100	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	25	100	37.5	125
	Australia	25	100	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	20	-	50	-
	European Union	10	40.8	20	81.6
	New Zealand	25	100	-	-
Mesitylene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	25	120	-	-
	Australia	25	123	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	25	-	-	-
	European Union	20	100	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	10	-	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	25	125	-	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	25	120	-	-
	Australia	25	123	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	25	-	-	-
	European Union	20	100	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	10	-	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	25	125	-	-
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Japan - JSOH(2024–2025)	25	120	-	-
	Australia	25	123	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	25	-	-	-
	European Union	20	100	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	10	-	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	25	125	-	-

Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

Personal protection equipment

General requirement	    
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Clear, colorless liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-46 (Acetonitrile)
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	82 (Acetonitrile)
Flash point(Closed cup, °C)	2 (Acetonitrile)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[% (v/v)]	Upper limit : 17 (Acetonitrile); Lower limit : 3 (Acetonitrile)
Vapor pressure	9.9kPa (25°C, Acetonitrile)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	1.4 (Acetonitrile)
Relative density(Water=1)	0.8 (Acetonitrile)
Solubility	1000000mg/L (25 °C, Acetonitrile)
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	-0.3 (Acetonitrile)
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	524 (Acetonitrile)
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with N-halogen compounds may cause a potensive explosive hazardous. In contact with oxidants may cause a fire or an explosion. In contact with oxidants causes severe reactions, and may cause a fire or explosion. In

	contact with an open flame may cause a fire or explosion. In contact with metal alkoxides may cause a fire. In contact with halides may cause an active reaction.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	N - halogenated compounds, sulfuric acid and strong oxidants. Oxidants, chloroform and bromoform. Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum. Oxidants and halogen. Metal alkyl oxide, metal hydride, inorganic peroxide, nitrate and halogens oxyacid salts. Halides, oxidants and halogen.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
N-hexane	25000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	169.188mg/L(Rat)
Benzene	930mg/kg(Rat)	> 8260mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Propan-2-ol	5045mg/kg(Rat)	12800mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Acetone	5800mg/kg(Rat)	> 15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	76mg/L(Rat)
Butanone	2737mg/kg(Rat)	6480mg/kg(Rabbit)	32mg/L(Mouse)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	18mg/L(Rat)
Ethyl acetate	5620mg/kg(Rat)	> 18000mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Butan-1-ol	790mg/kg(Rat)	3400mg/kg(Rabbit)	24.252mg/L(Rat)
N-butyl acetate	10768mg/kg(Rat)	> 17600mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
p-xylene	5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	19.758mg/L(Rat)
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	11mg/L(Rat)
m-xylene	5000mg/kg(Rat)	12200mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
2-methylpropan-2-ol	2743mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 30.3mg/L(Rat)
Cyclohexanone	1530mg/kg(Rat)	947mg/kg(Rabbit)	32.111mg/L(Rat)
Acetonitrile	2460mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000mg/kg(Rabbit)	4.748mg/L(Rabbit)
Mesitylene	No information available	No information available	24mg/L(Rat)
Cyclohexane	12705mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Isobutyl acetate	13400mg/kg(Rat)	> 17400mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Toluene	636mg/kg(Rat)	12200mg/kg(Rabbit)	49mg/L(Rat)
Ethylbenzene	3500mg/kg(Rat)	15400mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Styrene	2650mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	12mg/L(Rat)

Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Acetonitrile	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Acetone	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Propan-2-ol	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
2-methylpropan-2-ol	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
N-hexane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Butanone	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Ethyl acetate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Cyclohexane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Benzene	Category 1	Category K	Listed
Butan-1-ol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
Toluene	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Isobutyl acetate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
N-butyl acetate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Ethylbenzene	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
p-xylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
m-xylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
o-xylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Styrene	Category 2A	Category R	Not Listed
Cyclohexanone	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Mesitylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Butyl glycollate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

23 Mix VOCs in acetonitrile	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child(Category 2)
STOT-single exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects(Category 1B)

12 Ecological information

Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
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N-hexane	LC ₅₀ : 57.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
o-xylene	LC ₅₀ : 16.1mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 1.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 0.80mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Benzene	LC ₅₀ : 21.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 10.9mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 1600mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Propan-2-ol	LC ₅₀ : 9640mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : >1000mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : >1000mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Acetone	LC ₅₀ : 5540mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 18500mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 7200mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Butanone	LC ₅₀ : 3220mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 5090mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : >1200mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Ethyl acetate	LC ₅₀ : 230mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	ErC ₅₀ : 2500mg/L (96h)(Algae)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC ₅₀ : 7.72mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Butan-1-ol	LC ₅₀ : >100mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : >1000mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : >1000mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Butyl glycolate	LC ₅₀ : 23.1mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : > 100mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available
N-butyl acetate	LC ₅₀ : 18mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
p-xylene	LC ₅₀ : 5.5mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 6.9mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 9.6mg/L (72h)(Algae)
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC ₅₀ : 179mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
m-xylene	LC ₅₀ : 10.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 2.4mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 8.9mg/L (72h)(Algae)
2-methylpropan-2-ol	LC ₅₀ : >120mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : >110mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : >110mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Cyclohexanone	LC ₅₀ : 630mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Acetonitrile	LC ₅₀ : > 100mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : > 1000mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : >700mg/L (72h)(Algae)
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	LC ₅₀ : 7.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 2.7mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 5.7mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Mesitylene	LC ₅₀ : 12.52mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Cyclohexane	LC ₅₀ : 4.35mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Isobutyl acetate	LC ₅₀ : 17mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 25mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 370mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Toluene	LC ₅₀ : 25mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 4.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 29mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Ethylbenzene	LC ₅₀ : 4.2mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 4.75mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 3.6mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Styrene	LC ₅₀ : 4.02mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 4.7mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 0.72mg/L (96h)(Algae)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
m-xylene	No information available	NOEC : 0.41mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 5.3mg/L(Algae)

2-methylpropan-2-ol	No information available	No information available	NOEC : 110mg/L(Algae)
Acetonitrile	NOEC : 102mg/L(Fish)	NOEC : >960mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 700mg/L(Algae)
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	No information available	No information available	NOEC : 0.38mg/L(Algae)
o-xylene	No information available	NOEC : 0.63mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 0.73mg/L(Algae)
Propan-2-ol	NOEC : > 100mg/L(Fish)	NOEC : >100mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 1000mg/L(Algae)
Butanone	No information available	NOEC : 100mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 93mg/L(Algae)
Isobutyl acetate	No information available	NOEC : 23mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 95mg/L(Algae)
Toluene	No information available	NOEC : 1.2mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 9.1mg/L(Algae)
Butan-1-ol	NOEC : 46mg/L(Fish)	NOEC : 4.1mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 180mg/L(Algae)
p-xylene	No information available	NOEC : 1.3mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 4.4mg/L(Algae)

Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
2-methylpropan-2-ol	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 24.58 days)
N-hexane	Low	Low
Butanone	Low(Half-life = 14 days)	Low(Half-life = 26.75 days)
Butan-1-ol	Low(Half-life = 54 days)	Low(Half-life = 3.65 days)
p-xylene	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.75 days)
m-xylene	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.08 days)
o-xylene	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.83 days)
Cyclohexanone	Low	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Low(Half-life = 56 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.67 days)
Butyl glycollate	Low	Low
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	High	High

Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
2-methylpropan-2-ol	Low	BCF=1.09
N-hexane	Medium	Log Kow=3.9
Butanone	Low	Log Kow=0.29
Butan-1-ol	Low	BCF=64
p-xylene	Low	BCF=2.2
m-xylene	Low	BCF=1.37
o-xylene	Low	BCF=219

Cyclohexanone	Low	BCF=2.45
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Low	BCF=275
Butyl glycollate	Low	Log Kow=0.3816
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Low	BCF=259

| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Acetonitrile	0.653	
Propan-2-ol	0.54	20 °C
2-methylpropan-2-ol	0.168	
N-hexane	≥2.37 - ≤3.16	20 °C , pH=7.0
Butanone	0.654	25 °C
Cyclohexane	2.89	20 °C
Benzene	2.13	20 °C
Butan-1-ol	0.54	20 °C
Toluene	2.31	20 °C
Ethylbenzene	3.12	20 °C
p-xylene	2.73	20 °C
m-xylene	2.73	20 °C
o-xylene	2.73	20 °C
Styrene	2.55	
Cyclohexanone	1.60	20 °C
Mesitylene	2.87	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.04	20 °C
Butyl glycollate	0.66	20 °C
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	2.865	

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

| Label and Mark

Transporting Label	 
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IMDG-CODE

UN number	1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	6.1
Packing group	II
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	6.1
Packing group	II

UN-ADR

UN number	1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard class	6.1
Packing group	II

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

- ◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

	Not Available
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- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

	Not Available
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- ◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

	Not Available
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Others

Precautions for transport	<p>Transit should be anti-exposure, rain, high temperature. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, alkalis, oxidants, food and food additives etc. Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport</p>
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vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Acetonitrile	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Acetone	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Propan-2-ol	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2-methylpropan-2-ol	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
N-hexane	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Butanone	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ethyl acetate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cyclohexane	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Benzene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Butan-1-ol	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4-methylpentan-2-one	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Toluene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Isobutyl acetate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
N-butyl acetate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ethylbenzene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
p-xylene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
m-xylene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
o-xylene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Styrene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cyclohexanone	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mesitylene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Butyl glycollate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
 [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
 [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
 [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
 [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
 [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
 [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
 [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
 [I] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)

- 【J】** Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
【K】 Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
【L】 Russia Inventory of Existing Substances(DRAFT)
【M】 Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	A	B	C
Acetonitrile	×	×	×
Acetone	×	×	×
Propan-2-ol	×	×	×
2-methylpropan-2-ol	×	×	×
N-hexane	×	×	×
Butanone	×	×	×
Ethyl acetate	×	×	×
Cyclohexane	×	×	×
Benzene	×	×	×
Butan-1-ol	×	×	×
4-methylpentan-2-one	×	×	×
Toluene	×	×	×
Isobutyl acetate	×	×	×
N-butyl acetate	×	×	×
Ethylbenzene	×	×	×
p-xylene	×	×	×
m-xylene	×	×	×
o-xylene	×	×	×
Styrene	×	×	×
Cyclohexanone	×	×	×
Mesitylene	×	×	×
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	×	×	×
Butyl glycollate	×	×	×
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	×	×	×

- 【A】** The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
【B】 Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
【C】 Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Acetonitrile	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Acetone	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Propan-2-ol	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×

2-methylpropan-2-ol	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
N-hexane	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Butanone	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Ethyl acetate	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Cyclohexane	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Benzene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Butan-1-ol	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
4-methylpentan-2-one	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Toluene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Isobutyl acetate	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
N-butyl acetate	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Ethylbenzene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
p-xylene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
m-xylene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
o-xylene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Styrene	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cyclohexanone	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Mesitylene	×	✓	×	✓	×	×	✓	×
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	×	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Butyl glycolate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
 [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
 [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
 [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
 [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
 [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- “✓” Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
 “×” No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/27
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>.
 [2] IARC, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>.
 [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: <https://www.chemportal.org/chemportal/>.

- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>.
[5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>.
[6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: <http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/>.
[7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>.
[8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://gestis-en.itrust.de/>.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC _x	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P _{OW}	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS -2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.