Safety Data Sheet

7 Mix nitrobenzene in isooctane

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ0281-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/22

Revision Date: -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
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| Product identifier

Product Name	7 Mix nitrobenzene in isooctane
Cat No.	BWQ0281-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; narcotic	Category 3
effects	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B

Label elements

Signal word Da

| Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility

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| Precautionary statements

Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

Response

' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or water spray; Large fire: water spray, fog or regular foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not get water inside containers.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

	P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
◆ Disposal		
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards		

Not applicable.

| Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

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Health hazards

Tiodal Tidzardo		
Inhaled	Confusion. Dizziness. Headache. Nausea. Vomiting.	
Ingestion	(See Inhalation).	
Skin Contact	Dry skin. Redness. Pain.	
Eye	Redness.	

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	208-759-1	98.6
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	202-716-0	0.2
4-nitrotoluene	99-99-0	202-808-0	0.2
3-nitrotoluene	99-08-1	202-728-6	0.2
2-nitrotoluene	88-72-2	201-853-3	0.2
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	100-00-5	202-809-6	0.2
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	121-73-3	204-496-1	0.2
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	88-73-3	201-854-9	0.2

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.	
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Refer for medical attention.	
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.	

/ With this oberize it is	Soociane	Version : V2.0.0.1 Revision Date :		
Protecting of fi	irst-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		
Most important sym	nptoms/eff	fects, acute and delayed		
1 Substance accun long-term occupa		the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or sure.		
Indication of any in	nmediate i	medical attention and special treatment needed		
1 Treat symptomati	ically.			
2 Symptoms may b	e delayed.			
Fire-fighting r	measure	es		
Extinguishing medi	ia			
Suitable extinguishi	ng media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or water spray; Large fire: water spray, fog or		
		regular foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles		
		Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do no get water inside containers.		
Jnsuitable extinguishi	ng media	Large fire: avoid aiming straight or solid streams directly onto the product.		
Specific hazards a	arising fro	om the substance or mixture		
1 May emit poisono	ous fumes o	on fire.		
2 Development of h	nazardous d	combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.		
3 May expansion o	r decompos	se explosively when heated or involved in fire.		
Special protective	equinmen	t and precautions for fire-fighters		
		ained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full		
<u> </u>	safe distanc	e, with adequate cover.		
3 Prevent fire extin	guishing wa	ater from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.		
6 Accidental re	lease m	easures		
Personal precautio	ns, protec	ctive equipment and emergency procedures		
1 Fully encapsulating	ng, vapor pr	rotective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.		
2 Do not touch or w	valk through	spilled material.		
3 Do not touch dam	naged conta	ainers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.		
4 Use personal pro	tective equi	pment,do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.		
5 Ensure adequate discharges.	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static			
6 Evacuate personr	nel to safe a	areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.		
Environmental pred	cautions			
1 Prevent further le	akage or sp	pillage if safe to do so.		
2 Discharge into the	e environme	ent must be avoided.		
Methods and mater	ials for co	ontainment and cleaning up		
1 Do not touch or c		 ·		
	Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.			
	<u> </u>			

3	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-virus suits.
4	Spray water disperses the vapor and dilutes the liquid spill.
5	Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
6	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
7	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
8	Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
9	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
10	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

1	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
2	Wear suitable protective equipment.
_	

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
_	

3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Finland	300	1400	380	1800
	Germany (DFG)	100	470	200	940
	Switzerland	100	470	200	940
Nitrobenzene	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	1	5	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	1	5	2	10
	Australia	1	5	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	1	-	-	-
	European Union	0.2	1	-	-
	New Zealand	0.1	0.5	-	-
4-nitrotoluene	Permissible	2	11	4	16.5

	exposure				
	standards for				
	workers in the				
	workplace				
	Australia	2	11	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	2	-	-	-
	New Zealand	2	11	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	2	11	-	-
	USA - OSHA	5	30	-	-
3-nitrotoluene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	2	11	4	16.5
	Australia	2	11	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	2	-	-	-
	New Zealand	2	11	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	2	-	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	2	11	-	-
2-nitrotoluene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	2	11	4	16.5
	Australia	2	11	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	2	-	-	-
	New Zealand	2	11	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	2	-	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	2	11	-	-
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	1	-	2
	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	0.1	0.64	-	-
	Australia	0.1	0.64	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	0.1	-	-	-
	New Zealand	0.1	0.64	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	0.1	-	-	-

| Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

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9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

1 1	
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	clear or yellow liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-107 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	99 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	-12 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: 6.0 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane); Lower limit: 1.1
limits[%(v/v)]	(2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Vapor pressure	5.1kPa (20°C,2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	3.9 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Relative density(Water=1)	0.69 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Solubility	Insoluble in water (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	4.08 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	417 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with an open flame may cause a fire or explosion. In contact with ammonia, strong inorganic alkalis, active metals, alkali carbonates, metal oxides or metal alkaoxides may result in an explosion.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidantss and halogen. Ammonia, strong inorganic alkalis, active metal, alkali

	metal carbonates, metal oxides, metal alkaoxides, and nitric acid.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

| Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
4-nitrotoluene	1960mg/kg(Rat)	> 16000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available
Nitrobenzene	349mg/kg(Rat)	760mg/kg(Rabbit)	556ppmV(Rat)
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	420mg/kg(Rat)	3040mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	268mg/kg(Rat)	400mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
3-nitrotoluene	1072mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	420mg/kg(Rat)	890mg/kg(Rat)	3.2mg/L(Rat)
2-nitrotoluene	891mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Nitrobenzene	Category 2B	Category R	Not Listed
4-nitrotoluene	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
3-nitrotoluene	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
2-nitrotoluene	Category 2A(Remark 1)	Category R	Not Listed
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	Category 2B(Remark 2)	Not Listed	Not Listed
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed

Remark 1: Overall evaluation upgraded to Group 2A with supporting evidence from other relevant data; Remark 2: see 2-Chloronitrobenzene

Others

7 Mix nitrobenzene in isooctane		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility(Category 1B)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness(Category 3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways(Category 1)	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects(Category 1B)	

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic plants
4-nitrotoluene	LC ₅₀ : 37mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 9.8mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 10mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Nitrobenzene	LC ₅₀ : 92mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 35mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 23.8mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	LC ₅₀ : 14.4mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 2.7mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 4.9mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	LC ₅₀ : 34.6mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 3.2mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 6.9mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
3-nitrotoluene	LC ₅₀ : 30mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 7.4mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 14mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	LC ₅₀ : 18.8mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 15.1mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 1.9mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
2-nitrotoluene	LC ₅₀ : 37.1mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 5.4mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 22mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
4-nitrotoluene	NOEC: 0.8mg/L(Fish)	NOEC:	NOEC: 1.9mg/L(Algae)
		2.0mg/L(Crustaceans)	
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	NOEC: 0.534mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
3-nitrotoluene	NOEC : 2mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
2-nitrotoluene	NOEC: 1.9mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	High	High
4-nitrotoluene	High	High
3-nitrotoluene	High	High
2-nitrotoluene	High	High
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	High	High
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	High	High
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	High	High

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Medium	BCF=650
4-nitrotoluene	Low	BCF=7.2
3-nitrotoluene	Low	BCF=12
2-nitrotoluene	Low	BCF=29.9

1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	Low	BCF=20.9
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	Low	Log Kow=2.46
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	Low	BCF=22.3

| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	≥2.7 - ≤3.56	20 °C , pH=7.0
Nitrobenzene	2.07	
4-nitrotoluene	2.490	
3-nitrotoluene	2.49	
2-nitrotoluene	2.32	20 ℃
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	2.490	
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	2.56	20 ℃
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	2.46	25 ℃

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and	
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.	
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot	
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.	
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.	

14 Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label



| IMDG-CODE

UN number	1578
UN proper shipping name	CHLORONITROBENZENES, SOLID
Transport hazard class	6.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	1578
UN proper shipping name	CHLORONITROBENZENES, SOLID

Transport hazard class	6.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

UN-ADR

UN number	1578
UN proper shipping name	CHLORONITROBENZENES, SOLID
Transport hazard class	6.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Transit should be anti-exposure, rain, high temperature. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, alkalis, oxidants, food and food additives etc. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

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15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Nitrobenzene	√												
4-nitrotoluene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	×	√	√
3-nitrotoluene	√	×	×	√	√								
2-nitrotoluene	√	√	×	√	√	√							
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	√	√	√	×	√	√	×	√	√	×	√	√	√
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√	√

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)

- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	×	×	×
Nitrobenzene	×	×	×
4-nitrotoluene	×	×	×
3-nitrotoluene	×	×	×
2-nitrotoluene	×	×	×
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	×	×	×
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	×	×	×
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	V	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
Nitrobenzene	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
4-nitrotoluene	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
3-nitrotoluene	×	×	V	V	V	√	√	×
2-nitrotoluene	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	√
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene	×	×	×	V	√	√	√	√
1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	×
1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene	×	×	×	√	×	√	×	√

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/22
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

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Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

PC-STEL Short term exposure limit PC-TWA Time Weighted Average MAC Maximum Allowable Concentration DNEL Derived No Effect Level PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration LC50 Lethal Concentration 50% LOSO Lethal Dose 50% EC50 Effective Concentration 50% PNEC PSTEL Short term exposure limit OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development IMDG-CODE International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE International Agency for Research on Cancer ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization IATA International Air Transportation Association ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IC50 Lethal Dose 50% INTP National Toxicology Program EC50 Effective Concentration 50% PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
PC-TWA Time Weighted Average CODE International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE MAC Maximum Allowable Concentration IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer DNEL Derived No Effect Level ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration IATA International Air Transportation Association NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists LC ₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association LD ₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program
DNEL Derived No Effect Level ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration IATA International Air Transportation Association NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists LC ₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association LD ₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration IATA International Air Transportation Association NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists LC ₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association NTP National Toxicology Program
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists LC ₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program
LC ₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% NFPA National Fire Protection Association LD ₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program
LD ₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% NTP National Toxicology Program
3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
EC ₅₀ Effective Concentration 50% PBT Persistent. Bioaccumulative. Toxic
EC _X Effective Concentration X% vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow Partition coefficient Octanol: Water CMR Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF Bioconcentration factor RPE Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED Endocrine disruptor HCS Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.