Safety Data Sheet

26 Mix phenolic and fatty acid methyl ester in

methanol

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ0389-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/12/07

Revision Date: -

*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)



1 Identification

| Product identifier

·	
Product Name	26 Mix phenolic and fatty acid methyl ester in methanol
Cat No.	BWQ0389-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 1
single exposure	

Label elements



Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H370	Causes damage to organs

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| Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing
	protection.

Response

◆ Response	
P321	Specific treatment (see information on this label and safety data sheet).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P361+P364	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].

Storage

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
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Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

Other hazards

Not applicable.

| Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

Health hazards

Inhaled	Cough. Dizziness. Headache. Nausea. Weakness. Visual disturbance.	
Ingestion	Abdominal pain. Shortness of breath. Vomiting. Convulsions. Unconsciousness. (Further see Inhalation).	
Skin Contact	MAY BE ABSORBED! Dry skin. Redness.	
Eye	Redness. Pain.	

◆ Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	99.74
Phenol	108-95-2	203-632-7	0.01
o-cresol	95-48-7	202-423-8	0.01
p-cresol	106-44-5	203-398-6	0.01
2,6-xylenol	576-26-1	209-400-1	0.01
2-ethylphenol	90-00-6	201-958-4	0.01
4-ethylphenol	123-07-9	204-598-6	0.01
2,3-xylenol	526-75-0	208-395-3	0.01
Mequinol	150-76-5	205-769-8	0.01
4-tert-butylphenol	98-54-4	202-679-0	0.01
Eugenol	97-53-0	202-589-1	0.01
Biphenyl-2-ol	90-43-7	201-993-5	0.01
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	140-66-9	205-426-2	0.01
1-naphthol	90-15-3	201-969-4	0.01
p-octylphenol	1806-26-4	217-302-5	0.01
p-nonylphenol	104-40-5	203-199-4	0.01
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe nol	599-64-4	209-968-0	0.01
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	203-911-3	0.01

Methyl myristate	124-10-7	204-680-1	0.01
Methyl palmitate	112-39-0	203-966-3	0.01
Methyl heptadecanoate	1731-92-6	217-055-3	0.01
Methyl oleate	112-62-9	203-992-5	0.01
Methyl elaidate	1937-62-8	217-712-4	0.01
Methyl stearate	112-61-8	203-990-4	0.01
Methyl linoleate	112-63-0	203-993-0	0.01
Methyl icosanoate	1120-28-1	214-304-8	0.01
Methyl docosanoate	929-77-1	213-207-8	0.01

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer for medical attention.
Ingestion	Induce vomiting (ONLY IN CONSCIOUS PERSONS!). Refer for medical attention.
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO ₂ or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor
	nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/
	or vapour concentration.
3	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
4	Liquid and vapour are flammable.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

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- Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters
- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.
- 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
- 2 Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
- 3 Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
- 4 Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
- 5 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- 6 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 7 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
- In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
- 4 Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
- 5 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- 6 Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
- 7 Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
- 8 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 11 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
- Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling

1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
2	Use only non-sparking tools.
3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
4	Use explosion proof equipment.
5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

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| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Methanol	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	200	260	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	200	262	250	327.5
	Australia	200	262	250	328
	Canada - Ontario	200	-	250	-
	European Union	200	260	-	-
	New Zealand	200	262	250	328
Phenol	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	5	19	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	5	19	10	28.5
	Australia	1	4	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	5	-	-	-
	European Union	2	8	4	16
	New Zealand	1	3.8	2	7.7
o-cresol	Permissible exposure	5	22	10	33

	standards for workers in the workplace				
	Australia	-	22	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	5	-	-	-
	New Zealand	5	22	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	20(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	2.3	10	-	-
p-cresol	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	5	22	10	33
	Australia	-	22	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	5	-	-	-
	New Zealand	5	22	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	20(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	2.3	10	-	-
2,6-xylenol	USA - ACGIH	1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-	-
	Latvia	-	2	-	-
	Romania	-	15	-	20
2,3-xylenol	USA - ACGIH	1(inhalable fraction and vapor)	-	-	-
Mequinol	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	-	5	-	10
	Australia	-	5	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	-	5	-	-
	New Zealand	-	5	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	-	5	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	-	5	-	-
4-tert-butylphenol	Austria	0.08	0.5	0.4	2.5
	Denmark	0.08	0.5	0.16	1
	Germany (AGS)	0.08	0.5	0.16	1
	Germany (DFG)	0.08	0.5	0.16	1
	Switzerland	0.08	0.5	0.16	1
Biphenyl-2-ol	Germany (AGS)	-	5	-	5
Bipliefly1-2-01	Germany (DFG)		5		5

4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbuty l)phenol	Germany (AGS)	0.5	4	0.5	4
турпеног	Germany (DFG)	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.3
	Switzerland	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.3
1-naphthol	Latvia	-	0.5	-	-
	Romania	-	10	-	15

| Engineering controls

- Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement		
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.	
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.	
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal dust proof gas mask.	
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.	

Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance (physical state,	colorless liquid
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-98 (Methanol)
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	65 (Methanol)
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	9 (Methanol)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: 50 (Methanol); Lower limit: 6 (Methanol)
limits[%(v/v)]	
Vapor pressure	12.9 kPa (20°C,Methanol)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	1.1 (Methanol)
Relative density(Water=1)	0.79 (20°C,Methanol)
Solubility	Miscible with water (Methanol)
n-octanol/water partition	-0.74 (Methanol)
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	440 (Methanol)
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available

Kinematic viscosity	0.544 mPa (25°C Methanol)	

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other
	chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	In contact with oxidants causes severe reactions, and may cause a fire or
reactions	explosion. In contact with mixtures of aluminium trichloride and nitro-compounds
	causes a severe explosion.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum. Aluminium
	trichloride, strong oxidants, nitrate, nitrite and oxygen-halogen salts.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.
Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark. Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum. Aluminium trichloride, strong oxidants, nitrate, nitrite and oxygen-halogen salts. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
1-naphthol	1870mg/kg(Rat)	880mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Biphenyl-2-ol	2480mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Mequinol	1600mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbuty l)phenol	4600mg/kg(Rat)	1880mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
p-cresol	207mg/kg(Rat)	301mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
p-nonylphenol	1620mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Phenol	317mg/kg(Rat)	630mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Eugenol	1930mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
2,6-xylenol	296mg/kg(Rat)	1000mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
2-ethylphenol	600mg/kg(Mouse)	No information available	No information available
o-cresol	121mg/kg(Rat)	890mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Methanol	5628mg/kg(Rat)	15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	83.867mg/L(Rat)
4-tert-butylphenol	2950mg/kg(Rat)	2290mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Methanol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Phenol	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
o-cresol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
p-cresol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
2,6-xylenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

2-ethylphenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-ethylphenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
2,3-xylenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Mequinol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-tert-butylphenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Eugenol	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Biphenyl-2-ol	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
1-naphthol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
p-octylphenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
p-nonylphenol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe nol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl laurate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl myristate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl palmitate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl heptadecanoate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl oleate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl elaidate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl stearate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl linoleate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl icosanoate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methyl docosanoate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

26 Mix phenolic and fatty acid methyl ester in methanol		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs(Category 1)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants

Methyl laurate	LC ₅₀ : >0.52mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 0.23mg/L	
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans) (72h)(Algae)	
2,3-xylenol	LC ₅₀ : 13mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC_{50} : 6.2mg/L ErC_{50} : 2.726mg/L	
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl	LC ₅₀ : 0.36mg/L	No information available	No information available
)phenol	(96h)(Fish)		
p-cresol	LC ₅₀ : 14mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 7.0mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 52mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans) (72h)(Algae)	
4-(α , α -dimethylbenzyl)phe	LC ₅₀ : 0.9mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 0.9mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 1.4mg/L
nol		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
2,6-xylenol	LC ₅₀ : 15mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 11mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : 45mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Methyl myristate	No information available	EC_{50} : > 0.02mg/L	ErC_{50} : > 0.023mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Methyl stearate	No information available	EC_{50} : > 0.02mg/L	ErC_{50} : > 0.023mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans) (72h)(Algae)	
Methanol	LC ₅₀ : 24000mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 24500mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
1-naphthol	LC ₅₀ : 3mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 2.51mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : > 2.18mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Mequinol	LC ₅₀ : 84.3mg/L	No information available	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)		
Biphenyl-2-ol	LC ₅₀ : 5.24mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 2.1mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
p-nonylphenol	LC ₅₀ : 0.19mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 0.13~0.14mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Phenol	LC ₅₀ : 20.5mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 15mg/L ErC ₅₀ : 84.5mg/L	
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans) (96h)(Algae)	
p-octylphenol	LC ₅₀ : 0.088mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 0.42mg/L ErC ₅₀ : 0.14mg/L	
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans) (72h)(Algae)	
4-ethylphenol	LC ₅₀ : 10.4mg/L	EC_{50} : 9mg/L ErC_{50} : > 22mg/L	
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans) (72h)(Algae)	
Eugenol	LC ₅₀ : 13mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available No information available	
o-cresol	LC ₅₀ : 6.2mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 15.8mg/L ErC ₅₀ : 100mg/L	
		(48h)(Crustaceans) (96h)(Algae)	
4-tert-butylphenol	LC ₅₀ : 6.02mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 3.9mg/L No information available	
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Methyl laurate	No information available	NOEC:	NOEC: 0.040mg/L(Algae)
		0.081mg/L(Crustaceans)	
p-cresol	No information available	NOEC:	NOEC: 9.5mg/L(Algae)
		0.52mg/L(Crustaceans)	
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe	No information available	No information available	NOEC: 0.33mg/L(Algae)
nol			
p-nonylphenol	NOEC: 0.0082mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Phenol	No information available	NOEC :	NOEC: 25mg/L(Algae)
		1.2mg/L(Crustaceans)	
p-octylphenol	No information available	NOEC:	NOEC: 0.021mg/L(Algae)

		0.11mg/L(Crustaceans)	
2,6-xylenol	No information available	NOEC:	NOEC: 2.0mg/L(Algae)
		0.54mg/L(Crustaceans)	

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Methanol	Low	Low
o-cresol	Low(Half-life = 14 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.67 days)
p-cresol	Low(Half-life = 28 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.63 days)
2,6-xylenol	Low	Low
2-ethylphenol	High	High
4-ethylphenol	High	High
2,3-xylenol	Low	Low
4-tert-butylphenol	High	High
Eugenol	High	High
Biphenyl-2-ol	Low(Half-life = 14 days)	Low(Half-life = 0.92 days)
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl	High	High
)phenol		
1-naphthol	High	High
p-nonylphenol	High	High
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe nol	High	High
Methyl laurate	Low	Low
Methyl myristate	Low	Low
Methyl palmitate	Low	Low
Methyl heptadecanoate	Low	Low
Methyl oleate	Low	Low
Methyl stearate	Low	Low
Methyl linoleate	Low	Low
Methyl icosanoate	Low	Low

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Methanol	Low	BCF=10
o-cresol	Low	Log Kow=1.95
p-cresol	Low	Log Kow=1.94
2,6-xylenol	Low	BCF=37
2-ethylphenol	Low	Log Kow=2.47
4-ethylphenol	Low	Log Kow=2.58
2,3-xylenol	Low	Log Kow=2.48

4-tert-butylphenol	Low	BCF=240
Eugenol	Low	Log Kow=2.27
Biphenyl-2-ol	Low	Log Kow=3.09
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	High	Log Kow=5.2756
1-naphthol	Low	Log Kow=2.85
p-nonylphenol	High	Log Kow=5.9889
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe nol	Low	BCF=190
Methyl laurate	High	Log Kow=5.41
Methyl myristate	High	Log Kow=6.41
Methyl palmitate	Low	Log Kow=7.38
Methyl heptadecanoate	Low	Log Kow=7.7396
Methyl oleate	Low	Log Kow=7.45
Methyl stearate	Low	Log Kow=8.35
Methyl linoleate	High	Log Kow=6.82
Methyl icosanoate	Low	Log Kow=9.3

| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Methanol	0.000	
Phenol	1.92	20 ℃
o-cresol	1.342	20 ℃
p-cresol	1.69	20 ℃
2,6-xylenol	2.865	
2-ethylphenol	2.933	
4-ethylphenol	1.64	
2,3-xylenol	1.759	25 ℃ , pH=6.6
Mequinol	1.75	20 °C
4-tert-butylphenol	3.281	
Eugenol	3.051	
Biphenyl-2-ol	2.54	40°C
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	≥4.36 - ≤5.69	22℃
1-naphthol	3.483	
p-nonylphenol	4.58	20 ℃
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe nol	3.40	20 ℃
Methyl laurate	3.200	
Methyl myristate	3.732	

Methyl palmitate	4.264	
Methyl heptadecanoate	4.530	
Methyl oleate	4.795	
Methyl stearate	4.795	
Methyl linoleate	4.795	
Methyl icosanoate	5.327	

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

| Label and Mark

Transporting Label



IMDG-CODE

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	П
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

UN-ADR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None

class							
Packing group	п						
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments							
◆Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code						
	Not Available						
◆Transport in bulk in accorda	nce with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code						
	Not Available						
◆Transport in bulk in accorda	nce with the IGC Code						

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М
Methanol	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√
Phenol	√	√	V	√	√	√	√						
o-cresol	√	1	√	√	√	√							
p-cresol	√	V	√	√	√	√							
2,6-xylenol	√	√	V	×	×	√	√						
2-ethylphenol	√	√	√	×	√								
4-ethylphenol	√	V	×	√	√	√							
2,3-xylenol	√	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√
Mequinol	√	V	√	√	√	√							
4-tert-butylphenol	√	V	√	√	√	√							
Eugenol	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Biphenyl-2-ol	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	√	1	√	1	√	1	√	1	√	√	1	√	V
1-naphthol	√	×	√	√	√								
p-octylphenol	×	1	√	1	×	√	√	√	V	√	×	V	V

p-nonylphenol	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)phe nol	V	√	V	×	×	√	V	1	√	×	×	1	V
Methyl laurate	V	√	1	√	√	√							
Methyl myristate	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	√
Methyl palmitate	V	V	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√	√	V
Methyl heptadecanoate	V	√	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×	×	√	√
Methyl oleate	√	√	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	×	√	√	√
Methyl elaidate	×	V	√	√	√	√	√	×	×	×	×	√	V
Methyl stearate	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
Methyl linoleate	V	√	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√	√	1
Methyl icosanoate	√	√	√	×	√	×	V	√	√	×	×	√	√
Methyl docosanoate	√	√	√	×	√	×	V	√	√	×	×	√	V

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Methanol	×	×	×
Phenol	×	×	×
o-cresol	×	×	×
p-cresol	×	×	×
2,6-xylenol	×	×	×
2-ethylphenol	×	×	×
4-ethylphenol	×	×	×
2,3-xylenol	×	×	×
Mequinol	×	×	×
4-tert-butylphenol	×	×	×
Eugenol	×	×	×
Biphenyl-2-ol	×	×	×
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbuty l)phenol	×	×	×
1-naphthol	×	×	×

p-octylphenol	×	×	×
p-nonylphenol	×	×	×
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)ph enol	×	×	×
Methyl laurate	×	×	×
Methyl myristate	×	×	×
Methyl palmitate	×	×	×
Methyl heptadecanoate	×	×	×
Methyl oleate	×	×	×
Methyl elaidate	×	×	×
Methyl stearate	×	×	×
Methyl linoleate	×	×	×
Methyl icosanoate	×	×	×
Methyl docosanoate	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [B] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Methanol	V	×	√	V	√	√	√	√
Phenol	V	√	V	V	√	√	V	×
o-cresol	V	√	√	V	√	√	√	×
p-cresol	V	×	V	√	√	√	V	×
2,6-xylenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
2-ethylphenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
4-ethylphenol	×	×	×	V	×	√	×	×
2,3-xylenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Mequinol	×	×	×	V	√	√	√	×
4-tert-butylphenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Eugenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Biphenyl-2-ol	×	×	×	V	√	√	√	√
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbut yl)phenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
1-naphthol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
p-octylphenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
p-nonylphenol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
4-(α,α-dimethylbenzyl)ph enol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl laurate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl myristate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

Methyl palmitate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl heptadecanoate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl oleate	×	×	×	√	×	×	×	×
Methyl elaidate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl stearate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl linoleate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl icosanoate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl docosanoate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/12/07
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- $[1] \qquad \text{IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.} \\$
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P_{OW}	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction

BCF Bioconcentration factor RPE Respiratory Protective Equipment ED Endocrine disruptor HCS Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.