## **Safety Data Sheet**

# 9 Mix TVOC in Methanol

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ7701-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/16

Revision Date: -



### \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1	Identification
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### | Product identifier

•	
Product Name	9 Mix TVOC in Methanol
Cat No.	BWQ7701-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

### Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

### Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang
	City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

### | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

# 2 Hazard(s) identification

### Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 1
single exposure	

### Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Dange

### Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour	
H301	Toxic if swallowed	
H311	Toxic in contact with skin	
H331	Toxic if inhaled	
H370	Causes damage to organs	

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### | Precautionary statements

### Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing
	protection.

### Response

Response			
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).		
P330	Rinse mouth.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		
P361+P364	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.		
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.		
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothi affected areas with water [or shower].			

### Storage

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

### Other hazards

Not applicable.

### | Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

### Health hazards

Inhaled	Cough. Dizziness. Headache. Nausea. Weakness. Visual disturbance.		
Ingestion	Abdominal pain. Shortness of breath. Vomiting. Convulsions. Unconsciousness.		
	(Further see Inhalation).		
Skin Contact	MAY BE ABSORBED! Dry skin. Redness.		
Eye	Redness. Pain.		

Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

# Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Benzene	71-43-2	200-753-7	0.0013
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	0.0013
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	202-849-4	0.0013
o-xylene	95-47-6	202-422-2	0.0013
m-xylene	108-38-3	203-576-3	0.0013
p-xylene	106-42-3	203-396-5	0.0013
Undecane	1120-21-4	214-300-6	0.0013
Styrene	100-42-5	202-851-5	0.0013
N-butyl acetate	123-86-4	204-658-1	0.0013
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	99.9883

# 4 First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the
	doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily
	possible), then take to a doctor.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Refer
	for medical attention.
Ingestion	Induce vomiting (ONLY IN CONSCIOUS PERSONS!). Refer for medical
	attention.

	Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.		
	Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		
Мо	st important symptoms/eff	fects, acute and delayed		
1	Substance accumulation, in long-term occupational expos	the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or sure.		
Ind	ication of any immediate i	medical attention and special treatment needed		
1	Treat symptomatically.			
2	Symptoms may be delayed.			
5	Fire-fighting measure	es		
Ext	inguishing media			
<u> </u>	uitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire:		
		alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is ou		
Unsu	itable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.		
S	pecific hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture		
1	Will form explosive mixtures	with air.		
2	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.			
3	Vapours may travel to source	e of ignition and flash back.		
4	Liquid and vapour are flamm	able.		
5	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.			
6	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.			
Spe	ecial protective equipmen	t and precautions for fire-fighters		
1	As in any fire, wear self-contagrated protective gear.	ained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full		
2	Fight fire from a safe distance	e, with adequate cover.		
3	Prevent fire extinguishing wa	ter from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.		
6	Accidental release m	easures		
Pei	rsonal precautions, protec	ctive equipment and emergency procedures		
1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.			
2	Beware of vapours accumula	ating to form explosive concentrations.		
3	Vapours can accumulate in l	ow areas.		
4	anti-static clothing. Wear che	·		
5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pment,do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.		
6	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static			

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### | Environmental precautions

discharges.

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1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and
	wear anti-static clothing.

- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
- In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
- 4 Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
- 5 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
- 7 Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
- 8 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 11 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 12 Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
- 13 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

# 7 Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Avoid inhalation of vapors.
- 2 Use only non-sparking tools.
- 3 To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
- 4 Use explosion proof equipment.
- 5 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 6 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 7 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 8 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours	Limit value - Short term

					I
	standards for workers in the workplace				
	Australia	80	350	150	655
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	150	-
	European Union	50	221	100	442
	New Zealand	50	217	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
p-xylene	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	100	434	125	542.5
	Australia	80	350	150	655
	Canada - Ontario	100	-	150	-
	European Union	50	221	100	442
	New Zealand	50	217	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	20	-	-	-
Styrene	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	10	42.6	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	50	213	75	266.25
	Australia	50	213	100	426
	Canada - Ontario	35	-	100	-
	New Zealand	20	85	40	170
	USA - ACGIH	10	-	20	-
N-butyl acetate	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	100	475	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	150	712	187.5	890
	Australia	150	713	200	950
	Canada - Ontario	150	-	200	-
	European Union	50	241	150	723
	New Zealand	150	713	200	950
Methanol	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	200	260	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	200	262	250	327.5

Australia	200	262	250	328
Canada - Ontario	200	-	250	-
European Union	200	260	-	-
New Zealand	200	262	250	328

### | Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

### | Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal dust proof gas mask.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

# Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

### | Physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties			
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Clear, colorless liquid		
Odor	No information available		
Odor threshold	No information available		
рН	No information available		
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-98 ( Methanol )		
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	65 ( Methanol )		
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	9 ( Methanol )		
Evaporation rate	No information available		
Flammability	No information available		
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: 50 (Methanol); Lower limit: 6 (Methanol)		
Vapor pressure	12.9 kPa ( 20°C,Methanol )		
Vapor density(Air = 1)	1.1 ( Methanol )		
Relative density(Water=1)	0.79 ( 20°C,Methanol )		
Solubility	Miscible with water ( Methanol )		
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	-0.74 ( Methanol )		
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	440 ( Methanol )		
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available		
Kinematic viscosity	0.544 mPa ( 25°C,Methanol )		

# 10 Stability and reactivity

## | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with halides may cause an active reaction. In contact with metal alkoxides may cause a fire. In contact with oxidants causes severe reactions, and may cause a fire or explosion.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Halides, oxidants and halogen. Metal alkyl oxide, metal hydride, inorganic peroxide, nitrate and halogens oxyacid salts. Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
Benzene	930mg/kg(Rat)	> 8260mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
N-butyl acetate	10768mg/kg(Rat)	> 17600mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
p-xylene	5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	19.758mg/L(Rat)
Ethylbenzene	3500mg/kg(Rat)	15400mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Styrene	2650mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	12mg/L(Rat)
m-xylene	5000mg/kg(Rat)	12200mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
Toluene	636mg/kg(Rat)	12200mg/kg(Rabbit)	49mg/L(Rat)
Methanol	5628mg/kg(Rat)	15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	83.867mg/L(Rat)

## | Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Benzene	Category 1	Category K	Listed
Toluene	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Ethylbenzene	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
o-xylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
m-xylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
p-xylene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Undecane	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Styrene	Category 2A	Category R	Not Listed
N-butyl acetate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Methanol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

## Others

9 Mix TVOC in Methanol	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs(Category 1)
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

# Ecological information

## | Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
o-xylene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 16.1mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 1.1mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 0.80mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Benzene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 21.6mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 10.9mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 1600mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(96h)(Algae)
N-butyl acetate	LC <sub>50</sub> : 18mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Undecane	LC <sub>50</sub> : >0.013mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 0.011mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : >0.0059mg/L (72h)(Algae)
p-xylene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 5.5mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 6.9mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 9.6mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Ethylbenzene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 4.2mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 4.75mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 3.6mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Styrene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 4.02mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 4.7mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 0.72mg/L (96h)(Algae)
m-xylene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 10.6mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 2.4mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 8.9mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Toluene	LC <sub>50</sub> : 25mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 4.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 29mg/L (72h)(Algae)
Methanol	LC <sub>50</sub> : 24000mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 24500mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available

## | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
o-xylene	No information available	NOEC:	NOEC: 0.73mg/L(Algae)
		0.63mg/L(Crustaceans)	
Undecane	No information available	NOEC :	NOEC:
		0.0057mg/L(Crustaceans)	0.0059mg/L(Algae)
p-xylene	No information available	NOEC :	NOEC: 4.4mg/L(Algae)
		1.3mg/L(Crustaceans)	
m-xylene	No information available	NOEC:	NOEC: 5.3mg/L(Algae)
		0.41mg/L(Crustaceans)	

Toluene	No information available	NOEC :	NOEC: 9.1mg/L(Algae)
		1.2mg/L(Crustaceans)	

## | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
o-xylene	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.83 days)
m-xylene	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.08 days)
p-xylene	High(Half-life = 360 days)	Low(Half-life = 1.75 days)
Methanol	Low	Low

## | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
o-xylene	Low	BCF=219
m-xylene	Low	BCF=1.37
p-xylene	Low	BCF=2.2
Methanol	Low	BCF=10

## Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Benzene	2.13	20 ℃
Toluene	2.31	20 ℃
Ethylbenzene	3.12	20 ℃
o-xylene	2.73	20 ℃
m-xylene	2.73	20 ℃
p-xylene	2.73	20 ℃
Undecane	≥4.35 - ≤5.15	20 °C , pH=7.0
Styrene	2.55	
Methanol	0.000	

# 13 Disposal considerations

### | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

# Transport information

### Label and Mark

### Transporting Label



### IMDG-CODE

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п
Marine pollutant ( Yes or no )	No

### IATA-DGR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

### UN-ADR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

## | Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

### Others

Precautions for transport	Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant
	devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce
	sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature.
	Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be
	installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited
	shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. Whe
	bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles
	should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment
	and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be

preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

# 15 Regulatory information

### International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Benzene	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Toluene	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	V	<b>√</b>									
Ethylbenzene	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							
o-xylene	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
m-xylene	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√
p-xylene	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Undecane	<b>√</b>												
Styrene	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√
N-butyl acetate	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	√
Methanol	√	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	<b>√</b>

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Benzene	×	×	×
Toluene	×	×	×
Ethylbenzene	×	×	×
o-xylene	×	×	×
m-xylene	×	×	×
p-xylene	×	×	×
Undecane	×	×	×
Styrene	×	×	×
N-butyl acetate	×	×	×
Methanol	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

### US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Benzene	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	√
Toluene	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	√
Ethylbenzene	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
o-xylene	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
m-xylene	√	×	√	√	√	√	√	×
p-xylene	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×
Undecane	×	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	×	√	×
Styrene	<b>√</b>	×	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
N-butyl acetate	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	×
Methanol	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

# 16 Other information

### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/16
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service UN The United Nations

PC-STEL Short term exposure limit OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

#### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.