#### **Safety Data Sheet**

# 5 Mix deuterium-substituted polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons in dichloromethane

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ8432-2016-MSDS-US

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#### \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200) Identification **Product identifier Product Name** 5 Mix deuterium-substituted polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons in dichloromethane Cat No. BWQ8432-2016 CAS No. Not applicable EC No. Not applicable **Molecular Formula** Not applicable Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use Relevant identified uses Please consult manufacturer. Uses advised against Please consult manufacturer. Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet Name of the company Weivel Inc Address of the company Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China Post code 465350 Telephone number 010-58103678 010-84840368 Fax number E-mail address info@weiyel.com

#### | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 010-58103678

2 Hazard(s) identification

#### Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Carcinogenicity | Category 2

#### Label elements

Laborolomonto	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Warning

#### Hazard statements

H351

P405

dichloromethane	Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -

## | Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.		
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.		

#### Response

Respons	e Not applicable
◆ Storage	

Suspected of causing cancer

## Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/
	international regulations.

#### Other hazards

Not applicable.

No information available

Store locked up.

## | Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

→ Health hazards					
Inhaled Dizziness. Drowsiness. Headache. Nausea. Weakness. Unconsciousnes					
	Death.				
Ingestion Abdominal pain. (Further see Inhalation).					
Skin Contact	Dry skin. Redness. Burning sensation.				
Eye Redness. Pain. Severe deep burns.					
▲ Environmental hazards					

#### Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of	SDS.
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## 3 Composition/information on ingredients

## Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	200-838-9	99.8480
ACENAPHTHENE-D10	15067-26-2	-	0.0303
PHENANTHRENE-D10	1517-22-2	-	0.0303
CHRYSENE-D12	1719-03-5	625-640-3	0.0308
PERYLENE-D12	1520-96-3	200-838-9	0.0302
(2H8)naphthalene	1146-65-2	214-552-7	0.0304

# 4 First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the		
	doctor in attendance.		
Eye contact	First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily		
	possible), then take to a doctor.		
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give plenty of water to drink. Rest.		
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.		
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		

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#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

#### | Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or water spray; Large fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 May emit poisonous fumes on fire.
- 2 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 3 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

## 6 Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.
- 2 Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- 3 Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
- 4 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.

5	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static
	discharges.
6	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak

## **Environmental precautions**

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 Do not touch or cross spills.
- 2 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-virus suits.
- 4 Spray water disperses the vapor and dilutes the liquid spill.
- 5 Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
- 6 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 7 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 9 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.

## 7 Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

#### | Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Dichloromethane	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	50	173	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for	50	174	75	217.5

workers in the workplace				
Australia	50	174	-	-
Canada - Ontario	50	-	-	-
European Union	100	353	200	706
New Zealand	50	174	-	-

#### **Engineering controls**

- Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

#### | Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear appropriate chemical protective clothing and chemical resistant shoes.

# Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

#### | Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Clear, colorless liquid
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No information available
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-97 ( Dichloromethane )
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	40 ( Dichloromethane )
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	No information available
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: 22 ( Dichloromethane ); Lower limit: 13 ( Dichloromethane )
Vapor pressure	47.4kPa ( 20°C,Dichloromethane )
Vapor density(Air = 1)	2.9 ( Dichloromethane )
Relative density(Water=1)	1.3 ( 20°C,Dichloromethane )
Solubility	20g/I ( 20°C,Dichloromethane )
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	1.25 ( Dichloromethane )
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	605 ( Dichloromethane )

Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

# 10 Stability and reactivity

## | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reactions with metals form metal organic coumpounds.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Metal, oxidantss and alkali.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
Dichloromethane	1600mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

## Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Dichloromethane	Category 2A	Category R	Listed
ACENAPHTHENE-D10	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
PHENANTHRENE-D10	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
CHRYSENE-D12	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
PERYLENE-D12	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
(2H8)naphthalene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

## Others

5 Mix deuterium-substituted polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons in dichloromethane		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

# 12 Ecological information

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Dichloromethane	LC <sub>50</sub> :193mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 1470mg/L	No information available
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	

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## | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity	No information available
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## | Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available

#### | Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No information available

#### | Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
PERYLENE-D12	1.67	20 ℃
PERYLENE-D12	1.67	20 ℃

# 13 Disposal considerations

#### | Disposal considerations

<u> </u>	
Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

# 14 Transport information

#### Label and Mark

Transporting Label



## IMDG-CODE

UN number	1593
UN proper shipping name	DICHLOROME THANE
Transport hazard class	6.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	ш
Marine pollutant ( Yes or no )	No

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UN number	1593
UN proper shipping name	DICHLOROMEETHANE
Transport hazard class	6.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	ш

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#### UN-ADR

UN number	1593
UN proper shipping name	DICHLOROME THANE
Transport hazard class	6.1
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	ш

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

#### Others

Precautions for transport

Transit should be anti-exposure, rain, high temperature. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with acids, alkalis, oxidants, food and food additives etc. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

## 15 Regulatory information

#### International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L	М
Dichloromethane	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>
ACENAPHTHENE-D10	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
PHENANTHRENE-D10	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
CHRYSENE-D12	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
PERYLENE-D12	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>
(2H8)naphthalene	×	<b>√</b>	×	×	<b>√</b>	×	×	×	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)

- romethane Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- **[G]** Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

#### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Dichloromethane	×	×	×
ACENAPHTHENE-D10	×	×	×
PHENANTHRENE-D10	×	×	×
CHRYSENE-D12	×	×	×
PERYLENE-D12	×	×	×
(2H8)naphthalene	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

#### US chemical inventory

Component	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Dichloromethane	<b>√</b>	×	√	√	√	√	√	√
ACENAPHTHENE-D10	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
PHENANTHRENE-D10	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
CHRYSENE-D12	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
PERYLENE-D12	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
(2H8)naphthalene	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

# 16 Other information

#### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/16
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

#### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.