Safety Data Sheet

Hexanoic acid in 50% ethanol:water

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ9188-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/11/04

Revision Date: -



*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

| 1 | Identification |
|---|----------------|
|---|----------------|

| Product identifier

| Product Name | Hexanoic acid in 50% ethanol:water |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Cat No. | BWQ9188-2016 |
| CAS No. | Not applicable |
| EC No. | Not applicable |
| Molecular Formula | Not applicable |

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

| Relevant identified uses | Please consult manufacturer. |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Uses advised against | Please consult manufacturer. |

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

| Name of the company | Weiyel Inc |
|------------------------|--|
| Address of the company | Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China |
| Post code | 465350 |
| Telephone number | 010-58103678 |
| Fax number | 010-84840368 |
| E-mail address | info@weiyel.com |

| Emergency phone number

| Emergency | nhone | number | 010-58103678 |
|-----------|-------|--------|------------------|
| Emergency | pnone | number | ∥ U IU-⊃ŏ IU3b/ŏ |

2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

| Flammable liquids | Category 2 |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | Category 2 |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Category 2 |

Label elements

| Labercientents | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | Danger |

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation | Precautionary statements Prevention P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment. P242 Use non-sparking tools. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges. P264 Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. Response P321 Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label). P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 Use alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish the fire. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower]. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Storage P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/ international regulations. Other hazards Not applicable. | Hazard description Physical and chemical hazards Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture. Health hazards Inhaled Inhalation of the product may produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following discomfort. Ingestion Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful to the health of the individual. **Skin Contact** The product can cause skin irritation following direct contact with the skin.

This product may cause serious eye irritation. Severe inflammation may be

expected with pain following direct contact with the eye.

Eye

Environmental hazards

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Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

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Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

| Component | CAS No. | EC No. | Concentration (wt, %) |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | 200-578-6 | 49.5 |
| Hexanoic acid | 142-62-1 | 205-550-7 | 1 |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 231-791-2 | 49.5 |

First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

| Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the |
|---|
| doctor in attendance. |
| Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a |
| physician if feel uncomfortable. |
| Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of |
| soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel |
| uncomfortable. |
| Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or |
| Poison Control Center immediately. |
| Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth |
| to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, |
| give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately. |
| Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take |
| precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. |
| |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.
- Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media | Use alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish the fire. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. |

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Will form explosive mixtures with air.
 Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/or vapour concentration.
 - 3 Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Liquid and vapour are flammable.
 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

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- Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters
- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.
- 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
- 2 Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
- 3 Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
- 4 Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
- 5 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- 6 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 7 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
- In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
- 4 Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
- 5 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- 6 Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
- 7 Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
- 8 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 11 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
- Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 7 Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling

| 1 | Avoid inhalation of vapors. |
|---|---|
| 2 | Use only non-sparking tools. |
| 3 | To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded. |
| 4 | Use explosion proof equipment. |
| 5 | Handling is performed in a well ventilated place. |
| 6 | Wear suitable protective equipment. |
| 7 | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

| 1 | Keep containers tightly closed. |
|---|--|
| 2 | Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. |
| 3 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. |
| 4 | Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. |

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

◆ Occupational exposure limit values

| Component | Country/Region | Country/Region Limit value - Eiç | | Eight hours Limit value - Short term | |
|-----------|---|----------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| | | ppm | mg/m³ | ppm | mg/m³ |
| Ethanol | Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace | 1000 | 1880 | 1000 | 1880 |
| | Australia | 1000 | 1880 | - | - |
| | Canada - Ontario | - | - | 1000 | - |
| | New Zealand | 1000 | 1880 | - | - |
| | USA - ACGIH | - | - | 1000 | - |
| | USA - NIOSH | 1000 | 1900 | - | - |

| Engineering controls

| 1 | Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. |
|---|--|
| 2 | Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| 3 | Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. |
| 4 | Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area. |

| Personal protection equipment

| General requirement | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Eye protection | Must wear appropriate safety goggles. |

| Hand protection | Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Respiratory protection | Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment. |
| Skin and body protection | Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes. |

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance (physical state, color, etc.) Odor No information available No information available PH 7.0 (20°C, 10g/L,Ethanol) Melting point/freezing point(°C) Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) I 2 (Ethanol) Evaporation rate No information available No information available Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure Vapor density(Air = 1) Relative density(Water=1) No (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) O.79 (Ethanol) No (Ethanol) Relative density(Water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) Kinematic viscosity No information available Volume limits (3.1 (Ethanol) No (Ethanol) O.79 (Ethanol) O.32 (Ethanol) Pecomposition temperature(°C) No information available | i nysicai ana chemicai prope | ities |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Odor threshold Odor threshold No information available PH 7.0 (20°C, 10g/L,Ethanol) Melting point/freezing point(°C) -114 (Ethanol) Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) 12 (Ethanol) Evaporation rate No information available Flammability No information available Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 7.9 (Ethanol) No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 7.9 (Ethanol) No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 7.9 (Ethanol) No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 7.9 (Ethanol) No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 7.9 (Ethanol) Pocamposition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) | | clear or yellow liquid |
| Odor threshold pH 7.0 (20°C, 10g/L,Ethanol) Melting point/freezing point(°C) -114 (Ethanol) Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) 12 (Ethanol) Evaporation rate No information available Flammability No information available Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 0.79 (Ethanol) Proctanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) >700 (Ethanol) Possible (Ethanol) | color, etc.) | |
| melting point/freezing point(°C) Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) Evaporation rate No information available Flammability No information available Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure Vapor density(Air = 1) Relative density(Water=1) Solubility No information occanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 2700 (Ethanol) -114 (Ethanol) 78 (Ethanol) 12 (Ethanol) (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) -0.79 (Ethanol) -0.32 (Ethanol) 2700 (Ethanol) 2700 (Ethanol) | Odor | No information available |
| Melting point/freezing point(°C) -114 (Ethanol) Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup,°C) 12 (Ethanol) Evaporation rate No information available Flammability No information available Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 0.79 (Ethanol) Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Odor threshold | No information available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) Evaporation rate Flammability Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure Vapor density(Air = 1) Relative density(Water=1) Solubility No.32 (Ethanol) 78 (Ethanol) 12 (Ethanol) No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) No.79 (Ethanol) 78 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 78 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 1.78 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 1.78 (Ethanol) | рН | 7.0 (20°C, 10g/L,Ethanol) |
| range(°C) Flash point(Closed cup, °C) Evaporation rate No information available Flammability Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure Vapor density(Air = 1) Relative density(Water=1) Solubility n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) Permansion available No information available No information available Vpper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) -0.79 (Ethanol) -0.32 (Ethanol) -0.32 (Ethanol) Pecomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Melting point/freezing point(°C) | -114 (Ethanol) |
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| Evaporation rate Flammability No information available Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure Vapor density(Air = 1) Relative density(Water=1) Solubility No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | range(°C) | |
| Flammability Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure Vapor density(Air = 1) Relative density(Water=1) Solubility n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) Auto-ignition temperature(°C) Vapor density(Water=1) No information available Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) 1.6 (Ethanol) 0.79 (Ethanol) -0.79 (Ethanol) -0.32 (Ethanol) 2700 (Ethanol) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Flash point(Closed cup,°C) | 12 (Ethanol) |
| Upper limit : 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit : 3.1 (Ethanol) Vapor pressure 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 0.79 (Ethanol) Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Evaporation rate | No information available |
| Iimits[%(v/v)] Vapor pressure 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) | Flammability | No information available |
| Vapor pressure 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 0.79 (Ethanol) Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient -0.32 (Ethanol) Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | | Upper limit: 27.7 (Ethanol); Lower limit: 3.1 (Ethanol) |
| Vapor density(Air = 1) 1.6 (Ethanol) Relative density(Water=1) 0.79 (Ethanol) Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | limits[%(v/v)] | |
| Relative density(Water=1) 0.79 (Ethanol) Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Vapor pressure | 5.8kPa (20°C,Ethanol) |
| Solubility 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Vapor density(Air = 1) | 1.6 (Ethanol) |
| n-octanol/water partition coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Relative density(Water=1) | 0.79 (Ethanol) |
| coefficient Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | Solubility | 789g/L (20 °C,Ethanol) |
| Auto-ignition temperature(°C) 400 (Ethanol) Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | n-octanol/water partition | -0.32 (Ethanol) |
| Decomposition temperature(°C) ≥700 (Ethanol) | coefficient | |
| | Auto-ignition temperature(°C) | 400 (Ethanol) |
| Kinematic viscosity No information available | Decomposition temperature(°C) | ≥700 (Ethanol) |
| | Kinematic viscosity | No information available |

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Stable under proper operation and storage conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | In contact with oxidants causes severe reactions, and may cause a fire or explosion. In contact with active metals (alkali metals, Na, Ca etc.) causes a reaction and release hydrogen. |
| Conditions to avoid | Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark. |
| Incompatible materials | Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum. Alkali, sodium, calcium, and other active metal, halogen, metal oxide, nonmetal oxide, acyl halide and metal phosphide. |
| Hazardous decomposition | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products |
| products | should not be produced. |

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

| Component | LD ₅₀ (oral) | LD ₅₀ (dermal) | LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h) |
|---------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ethanol | 7060mg/kg(Rat) | No information available | 39mg/L(Mouse) |
| Hexanoic acid | 3000mg/kg(Rat) | 630mg/kg(Rabbit) | No information available |

| Carcinogenicity

| Component | List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs | Report on Carcinogens by NTP | OSHA Carcinogen List |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Ethanol | Category 1(Remark 1) | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Hexanoic acid | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Water | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |

Remark 1: for alcoholic beverages only

Others

| Hexanoic acid in 50% ethanol:water | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation(Category 2) | | |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2) | | |
| Skin sensitization | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| STOT-single exposure | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| STOT-repeated exposure | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| Aspiration hazard | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met | | |

12 Ecological information

Acute aquatic toxicity

| Component | Fish | Crustaceans | Algae or other aquatic plants |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | piants |
| Ethanol | LC ₅₀ : 11200mg/L | EC ₅₀ : 9950mg/L | No information available |
| | (96h)(Fish) | (48h)(Crustaceans) | |
| Hexanoic acid | LC ₅₀ :204mg/L (96h)(Fish) | No information available | No information available |

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

| Chronic aquatic toxicity No informa | tion available |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
|-------------------------------------|----------------|

| Persistence and degradability

| Component | Persistence (water/soil) | Persistence (air) |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ethanol | Low(Half-life = 2.17 days) | Low(Half-life = 5.08 days) |
| Hexanoic acid | Low | Low |

| Bioaccumulative potential

| Component | Bioaccumulative potential | Comments |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------|
| | | |

| Ethanol | Low | Log Kow=-0.31 |
|---------------|-----|---------------|
| Hexanoic acid | Low | Log Kow=1.88 |

| Mobility in soil

| Component | log Koc | Remark |
|---------------|---------|--------|
| Ethanol | 0 | |
| Hexanoic acid | 1.22 | 25 ℃ |

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

| Waste chemicals | Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and |
|--------------------------|---|
| | regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal. |
| Contaminated packaging | Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot |
| | and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible. |
| Disposal recommendations | Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging. |

14 Transport information

| Label and Mark

Transporting Label



| IMDG-CODE

| UN number | 1170 |
|--------------------------------|---|
| UN proper shipping name | ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION) |
| Transport hazard class | 3 |
| Transport subsidiary hazard | None |
| class | |
| Packing group | ш |
| Marine pollutant (Yes or no) | No |
| | |

IATA-DGR

| UN number | 1170 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| UN proper shipping name | ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION) |
| Transport hazard class | 3 |
| Transport subsidiary hazard | None |
| class | |
| Packing group | ш |

UN-ADR

| UN number | 1170 |
|-------------------------|--|
| UN proper shipping name | ETHANOL SOLUTION(ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION) |
| Transport hazard class | 3 |

| Transport subsidiary hazard | None | | | |
|---|------|--|--|--|
| class | | | | |
| Packing group | ш | | | |
| Transport in bull, according to IMO instruments | | | | |

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

Others

Precautions for transport

Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

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15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

| Component | A | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J | K | L | M |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Ethanol | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | V | √ |
| Hexanoic acid | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | V | √ |
| Water | √ | V | √ |

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- 【G】 Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

| Component | Α | В | С | |
|-----------|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | |

| Ethanol | × | × | × |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| Hexanoic acid | × | × | × |
| Water | × | × | × |

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

| Component | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н |
|---------------|---|---|---|----------|----------|---|---|---|
| Ethanol | × | × | × | √ | √ | √ | √ | × |
| Hexanoic acid | × | × | × | √ | √ | √ | √ | × |
| Water | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × |

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

| Creation Date | 2025/11/04 |
|---------------------|------------|
| Revision Date | - |
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Reference

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Abbreviations and acronyms

| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service | UN | The United Nations |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|---|
| PC-STEL | Short term exposure limit | OECD | Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development |
| PC-TWA | Time Weighted Average | IMDG- | International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE |
| | | CODE | |
| MAC | Maximum Allowable Concentration | IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| DNEL | Derived No Effect Level | ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| PNEC | Predicted No Effect Concentration | IATA | International Air Transportation Association |
| NOEC | No Observed Effect Concentration | ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists |
| LC ₅₀ | Lethal Concentration 50% | NFPA | National Fire Protection Association |
| | | | |

| LD ₅₀ | Lethal Dose 50% | NTP | National Toxicology Program |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| EC ₅₀ | Effective Concentration 50% | PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic |
| EC_X | Effective Concentration X% | vPvB | very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative |
| Pow | Partition coefficient Octanol: Water | CMR | Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor | RPE | RespiratoryProtective Equipment |
| ED | Endocrine disruptor | HCS | Hazard Communication Standard |

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.