Safety Data Sheet

Dichloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid in methyl tert-butyl ether

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ9544-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/23

Revision Date: -

*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)



1 Identification

| Product identifier

Product Name	Dichloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid in methyl tert-butyl ether	
Cat No.	BWQ9544-2016	
CAS No.	Not applicable	
EC No.	Not applicable	
Molecular Formula	Not applicable	

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 010	-58103678
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2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1C
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 1

Label elements

<u> </u>	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	
P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing/rotection.
◆ Response	
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
A Otana na	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
♦ Storage	
P405	Store locked up.
◆ Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
	international regulations.
Other hazards	
	Not applicable.
Hazard description	
 Physical and chemical haza 	ards
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	No information available
Health hazards	
Health hazards Inhaled	Drowsiness Dizziness Headache Weakness Unconsciousness
Inhaled	Drowsiness. Dizziness. Headache. Weakness. Unconsciousness. Abdominal pain Nausea Vomiting (Further see Inhalation)
Inhaled Ingestion	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation).
Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation). Dry skin. Redness.
Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact Eye	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation).
Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation). Dry skin. Redness. Redness.
Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact Eye	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation). Dry skin. Redness.
Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact Eye	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation). Dry skin. Redness. Redness. Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.
Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact Eye Environmental hazards	Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. (Further see Inhalation). Dry skin. Redness. Redness. Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

CAS No.

EC No.

Component

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Concentration (wt, %)

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Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	201-207-0	0.13
Trichloroacetic acid	76-03-9	200-927-2	0.13
tert-butyl methyl ether	1634-04-4	216-653-1	99.74

First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.	
	doctor in attendance.	
Eye contact	ct First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if eas	
	possible), then take to a doctor.	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.	
Ingestion	·	
	vomiting. Refer for medical attention.	
Inhalation	Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.	
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take	
	precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO_2 or water spray; Large fire: dry chemical, CO_2 , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not get water inside containers.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Fire may produce irritating, poisonous or corrosive gases.2 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
 - 3 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.	
2	Do not touch or walk through spilled material.	
3	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.	
4	Use personal protective equipment,do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.	
5	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	
6	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.	

| Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Do not touch or cross spills.
 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure and wear anti-corrosion clothing.
- 3 Transfer to a tank truck or special collector with a corrosion-resistant pump.
- 4 Do not touch broken containers and spills before putting on appropriate protective clothing.
- 5 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 6 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 8 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 9 Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Dichloroacetic acid	USA - ACGIH	0.5	-	-	-

	Belgium	0.5	2.7	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	0.2	1.1	0.2	1.1
	Germany (DFG)	0.2	1.1	0.2	1.1
	Ireland	0.5	-	-	-
	Latvia	-	4	-	-
Trichloroacetic acid	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	1	6.7	2	13.4
	Australia	1	6.7	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	0.5	-	-	-
	New Zealand	1	6.7	-	-
	USA - ACGIH	0.5	-	-	-
	USA - NIOSH	1	7	-	-
tert-butyl methyl ether	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	40	144	60	180
	Australia	25	92	75	275
	Canada - Ontario	40	-	-	-
	European Union	50	183.5	100	367
	New Zealand	25	92	75	275
	USA - ACGIH	50	-	-	-

| Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

Personal protection equipment

General requirement			
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate anti-corrosion goggles.		
Hand protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective gloves.		
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.		
Skin and body protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective clothing.		

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,	clear or yellow liquid

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color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	1.2 (20°C, 129g/L,Dichloroacetic acid)
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	13.5 (Dichloroacetic acid)
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	194 (Dichloroacetic acid)
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	195.5 (101.325 kPa,Dichloroacetic acid)
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[%(v/v)]	Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available
Vapor pressure	19Pa (20°C, Dichloroacetic acid)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	4.4 (Dichloroacetic acid)
Relative density(Water=1)	1.56 (Dichloroacetic acid)
Solubility	Miscible with water (Dichloroacetic acid)
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	0.92 (Dichloroacetic acid)
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available
Decomposition temperature(°C)	> 195 (Dichloroacetic acid)
Kinematic viscosity	No information available

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous	No information available.
reactions	
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	No information available.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Component	LD ₅₀ (oral)	LD ₅₀ (dermal)	LC ₅₀ (inhalation,4h)
Dichloroacetic acid	2820mg/kg(Rat)	803mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available
tert-butyl methyl ether	4000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	84.999mg/L(Rat)
Trichloroacetic acid	400mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by	Report on Carcinogens	OSHA Carcinogen List
	the IARC Monographs	by NTP	

Dichloroacetic acid	Category 2B	Category R	Not Listed
Trichloroacetic acid	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
tert-butyl methyl ether	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed

Others

Dichloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid in methyl tert-butyl ether			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage(Category 1C)		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage(Category 1)		
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Dichloroacetic acid	LC ₅₀ : 2000mg/L	No information available	ErC ₅₀ : 17mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)		(72h)(Algae)
tert-butyl methyl ether	LC ₅₀ :672mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : >120mg/L	ErC ₅₀ : >110mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Trichloroacetic acid	LC ₅₀ : 2500mg/L	EC ₅₀ : 2000mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Dichloroacetic acid	No information available	No information available	NOEC: 0.093mg/L(Algae)
tert-butyl methyl ether	No information available	NOEC: 11mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC: >110mg/L(Algae)

| Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No information available

| Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Dichloroacetic acid	0.35	20 ℃
Trichloroacetic acid	0.00	20 ℃
tert-butyl methyl ether	0.96	20 ℃

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot
Disposal recommendations	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible. Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

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14 Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label



IMDG-CODE

<u>•</u>	
UN number	3265
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	ш
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	No

IATA-DGR

<u> </u>	
UN number	3265
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	Ш

UN-ADR

UN number	3265
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	8
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	ш

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Dichloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic a	acid in methyl tert-butyl ether	Version: V2.0.0.1 Revision Date: -
	Not Available	

Others

Precautions for transport

Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L	М
Dichloroacetic acid	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Trichloroacetic acid	V	√											
tert-butyl methyl ether	√	√	√										

- (A) China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- (B) European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZIoC)
- (F) Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- [G] Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- (H) Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M]Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	A	В	С
Dichloroacetic acid	×	×	×
Trichloroacetic acid	×	×	×
tert-butyl methyl ether	×	×	×

- (A) The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- (B) Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Dichloroacetic acid	×	×	×	×	√	×	√	V
Trichloroacetic acid	×	×	×	√	√	√	√	√
tert-butyl methyl ether	√	×	√	√	√	V	V	×

- US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants [A]
- US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List [B]
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List

- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

Note:

- " $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/23
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
	Time Weighted Average	CODE	international Marianto Barrigorous Goods GGBL
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	RespiratoryProtective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.

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