### **Safety Data Sheet**

### 15 Mix sunscreens in

# methanol:tetrahydrofuran:water

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWQ9807-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/11/25

Revision Date: -

\*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)



# 1 Identification

#### | Product identifier

Product Name	15 Mix sunscreens in methanol:tetrahydrofuran:water
Cat No.	BWQ9807-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

#### Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

#### Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

#### | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678

# 2 Hazard(s) identification

#### Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	Category 4
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; respiratory tract irritation	Category 3
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity -	Category 1

single	exposure	

### Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

#### | Hazard statements

•	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs

### | Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
Use non-sparking tools.
Take action to prevent static discharges.
Do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

#### Response

P321	Specific treatment (see information on this label and safety data sheet).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire: alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

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P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
<ul><li>Storage</li></ul>	
P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
◆ Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/
	international regulations.
Other hazards	
	Not applicable.

### | Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquids, its vapor and air mixture can form explosive mixture.

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#### Health hazards

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours, especially for prolonged periods, may produce respiratory
	irritation and occasionally, distress. Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists,
	fumes), generated by the product during the course of normal handling, may
	produce severely toxic effects; these may be harmful.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful.
Skin Contact	Skin contact with the product may be harmful to the health of the individual,
	systemic effects may result following absorption.
Eye	This product may cause serious eye irritation. Severe inflammation may be
	expected with pain following direct contact with the eye.

#### Environmental hazards

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

#### | Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	22.032945
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	44.537821
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	33.391678
Perchloric acid	7601-90-3	231-512-4	0.037176
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol e-5-sulphonic acid	27503-81-7	248-502-0	0.00000333918
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy benzophenone-5-sulfonic acid	4065-45-6	223-772-2	0.00001113
4-Aminobenzoic acid	150-13-0	205-753-0	0.00000333918

Oxybenzone	131-57-7	205-031-5	0.00001113
Isoamyl	71617-10-2	275-702-5	0.00001113
4-methoxycinnamate			
3-(4-Methylbenzyliden	36861-47-9	253-242-6	0.0000667836
)camphor			
Sundown	21245-02-3	244-289-3	0.00001113
Avobenzone	70356-09-1	274-581-6	0.000033
Octocrilene	6197-30-4	228-250-8	0.000016
Octyl	5466-77-3	226-775-7	0.00001113
4-methoxycinnamate			
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	118-60-5	204-263-4	0.000056
Homosalate	118-56-9	204-260-8	0.000056
Ethylhexyl triazone	88122-99-0	402-070-1	0.0000055653
Bisoctrizole	103597-45-1	403-800-1	0.00001113
Bemotrizinol	187393-00-6	425-950-7	0.00001113

# 4 First-aid measures

#### | Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

#### | Extinguishing media

<u> </u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	Small fire: dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or alcohol-resistant foam; Large fire:
	alcohol-resistant foam; Fire involving tanks, rail tank cars or highway tanks: Fight
	fire from maximum distance or use unmanned master stream devices or monitor
	nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

# Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture Will form explosive mixtures with air.

2 Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.

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- 3 Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
- 4 Liquid and vapour are flammable.
- 5 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 6 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# 6 Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
- 2 Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
- 3 Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
- 4 Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
- 5 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 7 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### **Environmental precautions**

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear anti-static clothing.
- 2 In case of small amount of spillage, use clean non sparking tools to collect absorption materials.
- In case of large amount of spillage, construct cofferdam or dig a hole to collect the spillage. Use foam cover to reduce evaporation. Water spray mist can reduce evaporation, but can not reduce the flammability of the leakage in the restricted space.
- 4 Collect absorbent material using a clean, non-sparking tool.
- 5 Cover with anti-solvent foam to reduce evaporation.
- 6 Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
- 7 Water spray reduces evaporation but does not reduce the flammability of spills in confined spaces.
- 8 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 9 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.

11	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
12	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.
13	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

# 7 Handling and storage

### | Precautions for safe handling

1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
2	Use only non-sparking tools.
3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
4	Use explosion proof equipment.
5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

### | Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

### | Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Methanol	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	200	260	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	200	262	250	327.5
	Australia	200	262	250	328
	Canada - Ontario	200	-	250	-
	European Union	200	260	-	-
	New Zealand	200	262	250	328
Tetrahydrofuran	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	50	148	-	-
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	200	590	250	737.5

	Australia	100	295	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	50	-	100	-
	European Union	50	150	100	300
	New Zealand	50	150	100	300
Perchloric acid	Poland	-	1	-	3

#### | Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

#### | Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

# Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

#### | Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,	colorless to pale yellow transparent liquid
color, etc.)	
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	7~8 ( 20°C , 200g/L,Tetrahydrofuran )
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	-108.5 ( Tetrahydrofuran )
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	66 ( Tetrahydrofuran )
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	-14.5 ( Tetrahydrofuran )
Evaporation rate	No information available
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: 11.8 (Tetrahydrofuran); Lower limit: 2 (Tetrahydrofuran)
limits[%(v/v)]	
Vapor pressure	19.3kPa(20°C,Tetrahydrofuran)
Vapor density(Air = 1)	2.5 ( Tetrahydrofuran )
Relative density(Water=1)	0.89 ( Tetrahydrofuran )
Solubility	100000mg/L ( 20 °C,Tetrahydrofuran )
n-octanol/water partition	0.46 ( estimated, Tetrahydrofuran )
coefficient	
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	321 ( Tetrahydrofuran )
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available

Kinematic viscosity	0.5 mPa.s ( 20°C,Tetrahydrofuran )

# 10 Stability and reactivity

### | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.	
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with oxidants causes severe reactions, and may cause a fire or explosion. May react with strong acids, strong alkalis, strong oxidants or strong reducing agents. In contact with active metals (alkali metals, Na, Ca etc.) causes a reaction and release hydrogen. In contact with non-metallic elementals or organics causes a fire or explosion.	
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.	
Incompatible materials	Oxidants, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals and aluminum. Strong acids, strong alkalis, strong oxidants and strong reducing agents. Alkali, sodium, calcium, and other active metal, halogen, metal oxide, nonmetal oxide, acyl halide and metal phosphide. Non-metallic elementals, organics and fiber material.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

# 11 Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy benzophenone-5-sulfonic acid	3530mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
4-Aminobenzoic acid	> 6000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Tetrahydrofuran	1650mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Methanol	5628mg/kg(Rat)	15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	83.867mg/L(Rat)
Oxybenzone	7400mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Perchloric acid	1100mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Octocrilene	> 5000mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available

### Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
Methanol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Tetrahydrofuran	Category 2B	Not Listed	Not Listed
Water	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Perchloric acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol e-5-sulphonic acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy benzophenone-5-sulfonic acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

4-Aminobenzoic acid	Category 3	Not Listed	Not Listed
Oxybenzone	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Isoamyl	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-methoxycinnamate			
3-(4-Methylbenzylide	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
n)camphor			
Sundown	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Avobenzone	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Octocrilene	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Octyl	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
4-methoxycinnamate			
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Homosalate	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Ethylhexyl triazone	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Bisoctrizole	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Bemotrizinol	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

### Others

15 Mix sunscreens in methanol:tetrahydrofuran:water		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation(Category 3); Causes damage to organs(Category 1)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

# Ecological information

### | Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Isoamyl	LC <sub>50</sub> : 1216mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 5.6mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 0.2mg/L
4-methoxycinnamate	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol	No information available	No information available	ErC <sub>50</sub> : > 100mg/L
e-5-sulphonic acid			(72h)(Algae)
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	LC <sub>50</sub> : 215~464mg/L	No information available	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 109.55mg/L
benzophenone-5-sulfonic	(96h)(Fish)		(72h)(Algae)
acid			
Ethylhexyl triazone	LC <sub>50</sub> : > 1000mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : > 500mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : > 80mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Sundown	LC <sub>50</sub> : > 0.1mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : > 0.031mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : > 0.015mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)

3-(4-Methylbenzylide	LC <sub>50</sub> : > 0.74mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 0.56mg/L	No information available
n)camphor	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Tetrahydrofuran	LC <sub>50</sub> : 2160mg/L	No information available	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)		
Bisoctrizole	LC <sub>50</sub> : > 10mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : > 100mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : > 2mg/L
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)
Methanol	LC <sub>50</sub> : 24000mg/L	EC <sub>50</sub> : 24500mg/L	No information available
	(96h)(Fish)	(48h)(Crustaceans)	
Oxybenzone	LC <sub>50</sub> : 3.8mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 1.9mg/L	ErC <sub>50</sub> : 0.67mg/L
		(48h)(Crustaceans)	(72h)(Algae)

### | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	NOEC :> 4.897mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
benzophenone-5-sulfonic			
acid			
3-(4-Methylbenzylide	NOEC: 0.415mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
n)camphor			
Bisoctrizole	NOEC: > 1mg/L(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Oxybenzone	No information available	No information available	NOEC: 0.18mg/L(Algae)

### | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Methanol	Low	Low
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol	High	High
e-5-sulphonic acid		
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	High	High
benzophenone-5-sulfonic		
acid		
Oxybenzone	High	High
Isoamyl	High	High
4-methoxycinnamate		
3-(4-Methylbenzylide	High	High
n)camphor		
Sundown	High	High
Avobenzone	High	High
Octyl	Low	Low
4-methoxycinnamate		
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	Low	Low
Homosalate	High	High
Bisoctrizole	High	High

### | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Methanol	Low	BCF=10

2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol e-5-sulphonic acid	Low	Log Kow=0.5509
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	Low	Log Kow=-0.4102
benzophenone-5-sulfonic		-
acid		
Oxybenzone	Low	BCF=160
Isoamyl	Medium	Log Kow=4.3288
4-methoxycinnamate		
3-(4-Methylbenzylide	High	Log Kow=5.2537
n)camphor		
Sundown	High	Log Kow=5.37
Avobenzone	High	Log Kow=4.5051
Octyl	High	Log Kow=5.8021
4-methoxycinnamate		
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	High	Log Kow=5.9678
Homosalate	High	Log Kow=6.1619
Bisoctrizole	High	Log Kow=4.6905

# | Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Methanol	0.000	
Perchloric acid	1.64	20 ℃
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol	3.3	MCI method
e-5-sulphonic acid		
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy	0.992	25 ℃ , pH=4.8
benzophenone-5-sulfonic		
acid		
4-Aminobenzoic acid	0.59	20 ℃
Oxybenzone	2.98	20 ℃
Isoamyl	3.65283	
4-methoxycinnamate		
3-(4-Methylbenzylide	4.163	
n)camphor		
Sundown	4.4	25 ℃
Avobenzone	4.65	20 ℃
Octocrilene	4.69	20 ℃
Octyl	4.089	
4-methoxycinnamate		
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	3.10	20 ℃
Homosalate	4.28	
Ethylhexyl triazone	5.63	20 ℃
Bisoctrizole	> 5.63	30℃
Bemotrizinol	5.65	20 ℃

# 13 Disposal considerations

#### | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

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# 14 Transport information

#### Label and Mark

**Transporting Label** 



#### IMDG-CODE

•	
UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п
Marine pollutant ( Yes or no )	No

#### IATA-DGR

·	
UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	П

#### UN-ADR

UN number	1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class	3
Transport subsidiary hazard	None
class	
Packing group	п

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

◆ Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

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#### Others

#### **Precautions for transport**

Shipment of the goods vehicle exhaust pipe must be equipped with fire retardant devices, prohibit using mechanical equipment and tools of which easy to produce sparks. Transit should be anti-exposure, anti-rain, anti-high temperature. Transportation used tank (tank) cars should be grounded chain, tank can be installed to reduce the partition hole static electricity shocks. Strictly prohibited shipping or transportation with oxidants, acids, food and food additives etc. When bulk transport, Prohibit the use of cement or wooden boats. Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

# 15 Regulatory information

#### International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L	М
Methanol	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√
Tetrahydrofuran	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√
Water	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Perchloric acid	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol e-5-sulphonic acid	<b>V</b>	1	1	1	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	×	<b>V</b>	×	×	<b>V</b>	1	<b>V</b>
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy benzophenone-5-sulfonic acid	V	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	√	<b>V</b>
4-Aminobenzoic acid	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>											
Oxybenzone	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√
Isoamyl 4-methoxycinnamate	<b>√</b>	1	×	1	1	1	1	1	×	×	×	1	1
3-(4-Methylbenzyliden )camphor	<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	×	×	×	√	1
Sundown	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√
Avobenzone	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	×	√	×	<b>√</b>	√	√	√
Octocrilene	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Octyl 4-methoxycinnamate	<b>V</b>	1	1	1	<b>V</b>	1	<b>V</b>						
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Homosalate	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	×	√	√	×	×	<b>√</b>	√
Ethylhexyl triazone	<b>V</b>	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	×	×	<b>V</b>	1
Bisoctrizole	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Bemotrizinol	<b>V</b>	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)

- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- **[G]** Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

#### List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
Methanol	×	×	×
Tetrahydrofuran	×	×	×
Water	×	×	×
Perchloric acid	×	×	×
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol e-5-sulphonic acid	×	×	×
2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy benzophenone-5-sulfonic acid	×	×	×
4-Aminobenzoic acid	×	×	×
Oxybenzone	×	×	×
Isoamyl 4-methoxycinnamate	×	×	×
3-(4-Methylbenzylide n)camphor	×	×	×
Sundown	×	×	×
Avobenzone	×	×	×
Octocrilene	×	×	×
Octyl 4-methoxycinnamate	×	×	×
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	×	×	×
Homosalate	×	×	×
Ethylhexyl triazone	×	×	×
Bisoctrizole	×	×	×
Bemotrizinol	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

#### US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Methanol	√	×	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√
Tetrahydrofuran	×	×	√	√	√	√	√	√
Water	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

Perchloric acid	×	×	×	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×
2-phenyl-1H-benzimidaz ole-5-sulphonic acid	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
2-Hydroxy-4-methox ybenzophenone-5-sulfon ic acid	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
4-Aminobenzoic acid	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Oxybenzone	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Isoamyl 4-methoxycinnamate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
3-(4-Methylbenzylide n)camphor	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Sundown	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Avobenzone	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Octocrilene	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Octyl 4-methoxycinnamate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
2-ethylhexyl salicylate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Homosalate	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Ethylhexyl triazone	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Bisoctrizole	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Bemotrizinol	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

# 16 Other information

#### Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/11/25
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

#### Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

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#### | Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

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#### Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.