## **Safety Data Sheet**

# Nitrogen oxide absorption liquid

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: BWZ6342-2016-MSDS-US

Creation Date: 2025/10/22

Revision Date: -



## \*Prepared according to American OSHA HCS-2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1 Ide	ntification
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## | Product identifier

Product Name	Nitrogen oxide absorption liquid
Cat No.	BWZ6342-2016
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

## Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.	
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.	

## Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Name of the company	Weiyel Inc
Address of the company	Hedian Light Industrial Park, Chengguan Town, Shangcheng County, Xinyang City, Henan Province, China
Post code	465350
Telephone number	010-58103678
Fax number	010-84840368
E-mail address	info@weiyel.com

## | Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	010-58103678
Emercency bhone humber	UIU=:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::

Hazard(s) identification

## Hazard classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Sensitization - skin	Category 1
Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 1

## Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger

H315	Causes skin irritation			
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction			
H318	Causes serious eye damage			
recautionary statements				
Prevention				
P261	Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapour/spray.			
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.			
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.			
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing			
Response				
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).			
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.			
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.			
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact			
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
♦ Storage				
Storage	Not applicable			
<ul><li>Disposal</li></ul>				
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.			
Other hazards				
	Not applicable.			
lazard description				
<ul> <li>Physical and chemical haz</li> </ul>				
	No information available			
<ul><li>Health hazards</li></ul>				
Inhaled	Inhalation of the product may produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following discomfort.			
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful to the health of the individua			
Skin Contact	The product may cause an allergic skin reaction following direct contact with the skin. The product can cause skin irritation following direct contact with the skin.			
Eye	The product can produce severe chemical burns to the eye following direct contact.			
<ul><li>Environmental hazards</li></ul>				
	Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.			
Composition/informa	tion on ingredients			
Substance/mixture				

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Sulphanilic acid	121-57-3	204-482-5	0.499
Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7	4.99
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthyl amine dihydrochloride	1465-25-4	215-981-2	0.005
Water	7732-18-5 231-791-2		94.506

# 4 First-aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

•	
General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 2 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# 6 Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- 1 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas/mist/vapour/spray.
- 2 Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

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3 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## **Environmental precautions**

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 2 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- Absorb spilled material in dry sand or inert absorbent. In case of large amount of spillage, contain a spill by bunding.
- 4 Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 5 Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container.

# 7 Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		ion Limit value - Eight hours Limit value		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³		
Acetic acid	Japan - JSOH(2024–202 5)	10	25	-	-		
	Permissible exposure standards for workers in the workplace	10	25	15	37.5		
	Australia	10	25	15	37		

Canada - Ontario	10	-	15	-
European Union	10	25	20	50
New Zealand	10	25	15	37

## | Engineering controls

- 1 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- 2 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- 3 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

## | Personal protection equipment

General requirement		
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate anti-corrosion goggles.	
Hand protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective gloves.	
Respiratory protection	Must wear appropriate personal respiratory protective equipment.	
Skin and body protection	Must wear acid and alkali resistant chemical protective clothing.	

## 9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

## | Physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties		
Appearance (physical state,	colorless liquid	
color, etc.)		
Odor	No information available	
Odor threshold	No information available	
рН	2.9 ( Acetic acid )	
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	16.7 ( Acetic acid )	
Initial boiling point and boiling	118 ( Acetic acid )	
range(°C)		
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	39 ( Acetic acid )	
Evaporation rate	No information available	
Flammability	No information available	
Upper/lower explosive	Upper limit: 17 ( Acetic acid ); Lower limit: 6.0 ( Acetic acid )	
limits[%(v/v)]		
Vapor pressure	1.5kPa ( 20°C ,Acetic acid )	
Vapor density(Air = 1)	2.1 ( Acetic acid )	
Relative density(Water=1)	1.05 ( Acetic acid )	
Solubility	602900mg/L ( 25 °C,Acetic acid )	
n-octanol/water partition	-0.17 ( Acetic acid )	
coefficient		
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	485 ( Acetic acid )	
Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available	
Kinematic viscosity	No information available	

# 10 Stability and reactivity

## | Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Flammable, its gas or powder, if in contact with air, may form explosive mixtures. In contact with active metals (alkali metals, Na, Ca etc.) causes a reaction and release hydrogen.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Metal alkoxides, furfuryl alcohol, acetaldehyde, nitric acid, nitrate, nitrite, oxyacid salt halogen and inorganic peroxide. Alkali, sodium, calcium, and other active metal, halogen, metal oxide, nonmetal oxide, acyl halide and metal phosphide.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products
products	should not be produced.

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# 11 Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Component	LD <sub>50</sub> (oral)	LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal)	LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation,4h)
Sulphanilic acid	12300mg/kg(Rat)	No information available	No information available
Acetic acid	3310mg/kg(Rat)	1130mg/kg(Rabbit)	No information available

## Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP	OSHA Carcinogen List
	the IAIC Monographs	Dy INTI	
Sulphanilic acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Acetic acid	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthy lamine dihydrochloride	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Water	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

## Others

Nitrogen oxide absorption liquid		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage(Category 1)	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction(Category 1)	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

# 12 Ecological information

## | Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Sulphanilic acid	LC <sub>50</sub> :100mg/L (96h)(Fish)	No information available	No information available
Acetic acid	LC <sub>50</sub> : 300.82mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC <sub>50</sub> : 65mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available

## | Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae or other aquatic
			plants
Acetic acid	NOEC: 34.3	No information available	No information available
	~57.2mg/L(Fish)		

## | Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
Sulphanilic acid	High	High
Acetic acid	Low	Low
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthy lamine dihydrochloride	High	High

## | Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
Sulphanilic acid	Low	BCF=3.5
Acetic acid	Low	Log Kow=-0.17
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthy	Low	Log Kow=1.8194
lamine dihydrochloride		

## Mobility in soil

Component	log Koc	Remark
Sulphanilic acid	1.000	
Acetic acid	0.06	20 ℃
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthy lamine dihydrochloride	4.052	

# 13 Disposal considerations

## | Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and		
	regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.		
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot		
	and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.		
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.		

# 14 Transport information

## Label and Mark

Transporting Label	Not applicable

## IMDG-CODE

IMDG-CODE NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### IATA-DGR

IATA-DGR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### UN-ADR

UN-ADR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

◆ Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Not Available

## Others

**Precautions for transport** 

Transport vehicles should be equipped with the appropriate variety and quantity of fire equipment and emergency equipment leakage during transport. Before transport, should be preceded by checking whether container integrity, sealing. The transport unit must be placarded and marked in accordance with relevant transporting requirements.

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## 15 Regulatory information

#### International chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
Sulphanilic acid	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>
Acetic acid	√	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√									
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthy lamine dihydrochloride	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	×	1	×	×	<b>√</b>	V	<b>√</b>
Water	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>

- [A] China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances(IECSC)
- [B] European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances(EC inventory)
- [C] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory(TSCA)
- [D] Canadian Domestic Substances List(DSL)
- [E] New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals(NZloC)
- [F] Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances(PICCS)
- **[G]** Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory(KECL)
- [H] Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIICS)
- [1] Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances(ENCS)
- [J] Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory(TECI)
- [K] Mexico National Inventory of Chemical Substances (INSQ)
- [L] Russia Inventory of Existing Substances (DRAFT)
- [M] Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in Taiwan, China (TCSI)

## List of Chemical Substances under International Conventions

Component	Α	В	С
·			

Sulphanilic acid	×	×	×
Acetic acid	×	×	×
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphthy lamine dihydrochloride	×	×	×
Water	×	×	×

- [A] The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
- [B] Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
- [C] Rotterdam Convention on the prior informed consent procedure for certain hazardous chemicals and pesticides in international trade

## US chemical inventory

Component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Sulphanilic acid	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Acetic acid	×	×	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	×
N-2-aminoethyl-1-naphth ylamine dihydrochloride	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Water	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

- [A] US Clean Air Act (CAA)- Section 112, Hazardous Air Pollutants
- [B] US SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous Substance List
- [C] US CERCLA- Hazardous Substances List
- [D] US Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance List
- [E] US New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [F] US Pennsylvania Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- [G] US New York City Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List
- [H] US California Proposition 65 List

#### Note:

- " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
- "x" No data or not included in the regulations.

## 16 Other information

## Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/22
Revision Date	-
Reason for revision	-

## Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home.
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/.

## Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer

DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
$LC_{50}$	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
$LD_{50}$	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
$EC_X$	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
Pow	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor	HCS	Hazard Communication Standard

## Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to OSHA HCS-2024. The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.